Beaver & Gephart

Bellefonte Republican.

Established in 1869.} "Let us see to it that a Government, of the People, for the People, and by the People, shall not perish from the Earth."---A. LINCOLN. {Terms: $2.00 per annum

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Bellefonte Republican.

By EDWARD T. TUTEN.

TO CORRESPONDENTS.—No communication published unless accompanied by the real name of the writer.

Correspondents should write upon but one side of the paper, and avoid the use of pale or aney inks.

EDITORIAL BRIEFS.

EX-SENATOR Simon Cameron was 86 years old on Sunday.

GEN. GRANT looks forward to his own death within 30 days.

CARL SCHURZ has called on Cleveland. He wants a foreign mission and will not be happy till he gets it.

CLEVELAND has hustled the "red bandana" and "old saddlebags" upstairs into the garret. They deserved a better fate.

AFTER all, it would have been but a sad inauguration day for Blaine had be been the fortunate man. At that time he attended the funeral of a deceased sister.

WITH a "free ballot and a fair count" in the South, Cleveland would not have been elected President, despite his fine sentences addressed to the freedmen.

THERE are no intimations of what Roswell Pettibone Flower is to get from the new Administration. Perhaps now, after all, Flower isn't the blooming daisy he fancies himself.

T. S. ARTHUR, author of "Ten Nights in a Bar Room," "Three years in a Man Trap," and other popular stories, died in Philadelphia on Friday night. He was 76 years old.

NEW YORK gave Mr. Cleveland 1,047 plurality and Texas gave him 832,168, and yet the Empire State gets two members of the cabinet while the Lone Star State doesn't get a smell.

IT is said that there lives in California a prominent citizen who is related to President Cleveland. His wife is related to Vice-President Hendricks. They have an only son and his name is Hendricks Cleveland.

IT is a poor rule that won't work both ways, and those European countries which have been dumping their paupers upon our shores now find that the low rates of ocean travel are bringing them, like chickens and curses, home to roost.

THE Democrats admit the sin of their President and endeavor to condone it by arguing that Washington, Jackson and Hamilton were as bad or worse. But how mad they become when public reference is made to Cleveland's terrible faults.

THE Bellefonte *Watchman* says: "The cabinet is formed, and it isn't a bad one, either Compare it with the out-going one, and what a vast contract in favor of the new." The printer who put that c in there, evidently "builded better than he knew;" the vastness of the "contract" is just what strikes the country.—*Williamsport Gazette and Bulletin.*

WE don't know whether the leader of the band at the head of the inaugural procession took the advice of the New York *World* and ordered his company as it turned into Pennsylvania Avenue to pay the tune "Who's Been Here Since I've Been Gone." If he did someone on the curb should have answered: "Somebody has been here while you were away who knows how to pave streets." When the last Democratic inaugural procession before the rebellion marched from the Capitol to the White House there was not a decently paved street within the boundaries of Washington. After twenty four years of absence the Democrats returned to find the city improved and remodeled and made one of the finest capitals in the world. The condition of the city then and now is a fair illustration of the progressive spirit of the two parties.

The President's Inaugural.

The inaugural address delivered by the new President last week was exactly the sort of a production which we expected it would be. It was, remarks the Philadelphia *Press*, chiefly a fine array of polished platitudes. If lofty profession assured wise practice and good government, it would be eminently satisfactory. If the sententious utterance of choice sentiments solved the hard problems of practical administration, it would deserve hearty commendation. The misfortune is that, except on two or three topics, it is as barren in substance as it is beautiful in form. In point of style it shows the finishing touch of a hand more skillful than his own. In point of thought its authorship will be undisputed, for it shows only little less sterility than the letter of acceptance.

The general spirit and tone of the address are unexceptionable Nothing could be more appropriate or more acceptable than the terms in which he indicates that the successful candidate who began as the choice of a party should end as the ruler of all the people. He exalts virtue, purity and patriotism. He holds up the ark of the Constitution But government is a matter of practical acts and not of glittering generalities, and when we look through what President Cleveland says to see what he will do, we do not find it. The one thing above all others that the country wants to know is the attitude he will hold towards the laws and the system which are the foundation of our industrial growth and prosperity. This matter has a more vital relation to our business interests than all other questions The people searched his letter of acceptance for answer in vain; they find none in his selection for the Treasury; and they turn away from his inaugural equally unsatisfied. His only allusion to the subject is of the most vague and general character; it is a diluted paraphrase of the double-faced platform; if he has any clear conception or definite policy he conceals it; and the country, which wants assurance and security, will have to wait until he sends his message to Congress in December before it can know in which scale he will cast his influence. In the absence of specific knowledge empty platitudes are worth nothing.

On the question of civil service reform Mr. Cleveland speaks with more directness and point. He declares that it should be enforced in good faith, and if his language means anything it means that the public service should be separated from politics If it is to be accepted as it stands, it involves an inevitable quarrel with his party. If it is simply a hollow mockery, so much the worse for the President. The declaration would inspire more confidence if it were not accompanied by an appointment which plainly means that the greatest department of the government shall be used for personal and political ends. When the President holds up civil service reform with one hand, and makes Mr. Manning the ruling spirit of his Administration with the other, it is a self-contradiction. So his assurances to the freedmen are clear and emphatic; but to measure their value the country will want to know whether he will use the weapon of the law and the power of the government to put an end to the wrongs and outrages by which he was himself elected. We welcome President Cleveland's deliverances on both these questions of civil service reform and equal rights; we shall welcome still more cordially any acts which give them practical effect.

The address is strangely silent on the silver question. Whether Mr. Cleveland is subdued by his rebuff in Congress or whether he exhausted himself in his letter is left to conjecture. He might well have repeated his position and thundered back a bold response to his assailants in a single sentence. Surely a Jackson would not have failed to reassert in his inaugural the one thing he had attempted before his inauguration. His reference to foreign policy is of the stereotyped character and covers emptiness of purpose with hollowness of phrase. He declares that our Indian policy should look to the ultimate citizenship of the red men; that polygamy should be suppressed; and that the importation of contract labor should be arrested. These topics round out and complete the narrow range of the inaugural. On the minor questions it is reasonably explicit; on the larger questions it is evasive or stultified by practical acts; and, while its tone is elevated and admirable, the country must still wait to see what Mr. Cleveland will do in order to determine what his Administration will be.

Lincoln and Cleveland.

It's an awful drop—from Abraham Lincoln to Stephen Grover Cleveland, remarked the Iowa *State Register*, last week in a very strong article But it is a drop from a Republican to a Democratic President. The Republican party can stand the comparison if the Democrats can.

Lincoln was the first Republican President Cleveland is the first Democratic President after that party's absence from power for a quarter of a century.

Lincoln was chosen as President by the Republicans, a typical man of the party. Cleveland has been chosen by the Democrats, and he is a typical man of the party.

It is a long distance, from Lincoln in 1861, to Cleveland in 1885 But it is a far longer distance, the difference between Lincoln and Cleveland, as men—and as men for the Presidency of the United States.

The two men will illustrate the difference between the two parties. It is well for young men to ask themselves which they would better belong to, the party of Abraham Lincoln or the party of Grover Cleveland

Abraham Lincoln, after being elected President by unquestioned fair means and a decisive majority, had to reach Washington secretly in order to avoid being assassinated by Democrats.

That was the way a Republican President had to go to Washington, to supersede a Democratic President.

This week Grover Cleveland—elected President by grace of the votes of five States in the South gained to him by a policy of robbery and fraud which disfranchised the legal majority in each of the States, and by virtue of fraud in the North—goes to Washington, a Democratic President to supersede a Republican President.

He will travel in open day. All men will know when he goes. He will be as safe as though at home in his own bachelor's hall.

The Republican party is not a party of assassination.

It gives up power in the government even when defeated dishonestly, without violence.

Lincoln and Cleveland—Lincoln's enforced way of going to Washington in secret in order to reach there alive and the way Cleveland will go—both these acts and both these comparisons well illustrate the parties and the difference in the character.

IN the city of Memphis there are about twice as many white people as colored people, yet the weekly record of mortality almost invariably shows more deaths of colored than of white persons. The *Memphis Appeal* says the cause of this excessive mortality can be traced chiefly to quackery. "The negroes are naturally superstitious, and believe there is more virtue in conjuration than medicine, and they cling to their superstitions and seem to learn nothing by the fearful mortality among their race. The negro quacks reap a rich harvest on this credulity. They have a specific for every ailment, and, knowing nothing about the disease, the cause and effect, their remedy aggravates instead of curing."

The Cabinet.

Thomas F. Bayard, of Delaware, is 56 years old. He is scholarly, has been three times elected U. S. Senator and is the second Delawarean to hold the office of Secretary of State. He is the third member of his family to represent his State in the U. S. Senate.

Daniel Manning of New York, is 54 years old, He is not considered to be either a brilliant or a very well informed man and his only qualification seems to be that in politics he has been successful. He was born a Catholic and is now a member of the Episcopal church. His appointment to the Secretaryship of the Treasury is not looked upon with favor by the best element in the Democratic party.

Much better suited for that position would have been L.Q.C. Lamar, of Mississippi, who instead is Secretary of the Interior. He is 60 years of age. He is highly educated and has filled several different positions as instructor in prominent colleges. When interested, he is a remarkably fine speaker, and is much better suited for a Senator than for any cabinet position.

Augustus H. Garland, of Arkansas, is a thorough lawyer and if that is the only requirement needed for the position of Attorney General the place will be well filled He is 53 years old. We believe he served in both branches of the confederate congress, was Governor of his state one term and at the time of his appointment was U. S. Senator from Arkansas. He is the first cabinet officer Arkansas ever had.

William C. Whitney is only 45 years of age and is a graduate of Yale College and of Harvard Law school. Was born in Massachusetts but went to New York City to practice law. He has been much in New York politics and his appointment to the Secretaryship of the Navy is probably a reward for party service.

William Endicott, of Massachusetts, is an aristocratic descendent of distinguished colonial parentage. His age is 58. He is a graduate of Harvard College and of Harvard Law School. As a lawyer and a judge he holds high rank. He has never been an intense partisan and his appointment will please the liberal or Mugwump Republican element What his qualifications for Secretary of War may be we have yet to learn.

William F. Vilas, of Wisconsin, is of English extraction. He was born in Vermont. He is of the same age as Mr. Whitney, but looks older. He is now Professor of Law in the Wisconsin State University. As he has had experience as a soldier he would have made a better head for the war department than Mr. Endicott, but for some reason he was given the postoffice department.

Taken all in all, there is not as much brains and ability in the cabinet as we anticipated, but we wish it great success and prosperity, as on its work largely depends the future comfort of ourselves and neighbors.

THE town elections in New York are showing large and gratifying gains for the Republicans. Three-fourths of the sixty counties in the state have held elections already, and the result is a net gain of forty-three supervisors. This is a remarkable result and proves how strong a hold the Republican party has upon the voters in that neighborhood. These town elections, Governor Seymour used to say, were the best test of party strength and an almost infallible indication of how the state would go the following Fall. Shrewd observers estimate that the gains already mentioned are equal to an increase of 20,000 in the party's vote. One other fact is noticeable, and that is the falling off in the Prohibition vote, many towns which last Spring chose no license commissioners electing license commissioners this year.

MISSOURI has been enjoying the blessing of a reform Government ever since the mugwump movement of 1872 enabled the spurred and belted brigadiers to get into the saddle again in that State and end Republican rule. She has flourished ever since under successive administrations as the paradise of the political swash buckler and the refuge of the enterprising road agent, and now it leaks out that the reformer, whose mission it is to charm funds from the Treasury into his own pockets has not been entirely idle. The Governor, Attorney General and State Auditor constitute the "State Fund Commission," and under their direction, their agents, Kohn, Popper & Co., of New York, purchased $2,335,236.25 of State bonds. That at least, is the amount charged to the State as expended for them. An investigating committee of the Legislature now reports that $2,183,613.75 is all that was paid for the bonds purchased, leaving the neat little sum of $151,622 50 as knocked down by somebody. The committee does not seem to suspect anybody in particular as having pocketed the divy. They seem rather dazed over that phase of the subject; they only know that they cannot balance the account by that much, and the balance is in favor of the State and against somebody. Great it reform, and its name is Democracy.

PRESIDENT CLEVELAND'S cabinet is inferior to most recent cabinets. Compared with that of Lincoln, in which Seward Chase and Stanton were leading spirits, it is contemptible. It is not equal to that of Hayes, which had in it Everts and Sherman. It is not as able as it might have been, even in the Democratic party. Only Lamar, Bayard, Garland and Vilas have any pretensions to statesmanship. Manning is nothing more than a politician of no very reputable order, while Endicott and Whitney are entirely unknown. Lamar is about the best southern man that could have been chosen and while in ability the equal of the best man in the Democratic party, is so constituted by natural disposition as to render him quite unsuitable for the Department of the Interior. Important events in the Department will monopolize his attention and events of minor importance are likely to be overlooked, and thus those in the Department who are supposed to be under his watchful eye will be apt to take advantage of him. Bayard as Secretary of State will not be popular with the rank and file of the party, although he will fill the position respectably. Garland was conspicuous in the Rebellion—nothing more forcible, to our mind, could be said against his appointment to any cabinet place. Of the others we can say nothing for or against.

ALBERT FINK, the railway pool commissioner, receives a salary of $25,000 a year. His official title is Commissioner of the Trunk Line railways. He has been willing to retire from his position for some time and is now growing anxious to do so, He is a widower and has one child, a little daughter. His fondness for her is one of his most conspicuous traits. His wealth has been estimated as high as $5,000,000, and has not since he became prominent in connection with the pooling arrangements been put below $1,000,000. The figure is really about $250,000. Mr. Fink has never been a speculator, and that is the reason his fortune has not expanded—or vanished. He is an engineer by profession and is the inventor of the Fink truss bridge, which is in extensive use in the south. The royalty from that gave him a good share of his fortune. He is a German by birth and thoroughly German in his tastes, although, strangely enough, he prefers to speak the English language.

THE news from Egypt is that General Wolseley is enjoying excellent health. We are glad of this. There is a general hope that Wolseley may have a chance to show himself entitled to sit as an expert in military science in judgment upon General Grant's capacity as a soldier.

GENERAL NOTES.

Railways are about to invade the Holy Land.

Denver, Col., has never experienced a case of hydrophobia.

The State of Illinois spent $2,000,000 for charity last year.

Six hotels have already failed in New York since January 1.

On exhibition at Vallejo, Cal., is a goose egg weighing 10 ounces.

The freehold farms in New Zealand are alone worth $170,000,000.

A writer says he has counted 15,000 cells in a single hornet's nest.

There is a rage in England at the present time for ambulance classes.

It is figured that 7,000,000 sermons are annually preached to Americans.

Chicago claims the honor of being the greatest pickle market in the world.

Some of the Maine and New Hampshire towns are complaining of a corn famine.

A calf only 10 months old and weighing 950 pounds is the boast of Helena, M. T.

All the horse-cars in Montevideo and Buenos Ayres come from the United States.

Quails are now so abundant in certain portions of California as to throng the roadways.

According to Richard A. Proctor a hand at whist can be made up in 635,013,559,600 ways.

Thirty thousand are said to be engaged solely in the manufacture of artificial flowers in Paris.

An 8 year-old boy of Cornville, Me. was attacked and seriously injured by an owl a few days ago.

All of the wooden toothpicks are manufactured in Maine, and two firms control the business.

A Washington dentist claims to have pulled an average of 15 teeth every day for the last 20 years.

Up to March 1 all the gas consumed by the residents of Mare Island, Cal., was paid for by the Government.

One of the Washington restaurants has among its waiters an ex-Lieutenant Governor of South Carolina.

Eating 42 oranges at one sitting was one of the feats accomplished the other day by a man at Crescent City, Fla.

The latest invention of a New York genius is a steam sleigh, with which, he claims, the North Pole can be reached.

The $500,000,000 now in the United States Treasury is said to be the largest sum of money ever accumulated in one body.

An old resident of Hammond, N. Y., was surprised to find both his feet frozen the other morning upon getting out of bed.

Immense crops of mustard are produced in California, and several mills have lately been established to work up the product.

The President is to receive from an Albany lady a crazy quilt made entirely of Cleveland and Hendricks campaign badges.

Many negroes in portions of the South carry a rabbit's foot as a charm, and the habbit is said to extend also into Northern States.

The towns boasting of having female brass bands are becoming quite numerous, Carbondale, Ill., being the last to enter the list.

Queen Victoria's bestowal of the Albert medal on a "simple police constable" has naturally given great satisfaction to the force.

Among Rhode Island's exhibit at the New Orleans Exposition is a heavy steel chain forged by a female blacksmith of that State.

Fashion's latest freaks in Paris is a fancy ball in which each lady is dressed as a flower—violets, lilies, roses, blue bells, and marigolds.

A perfect skeleton, to which was attached a ball and chain, was lately unearthed 25 feet below the surface of the earth, near Savannah, Ga.

In Germany last year 23 cigarette factories turned out 187,000,000 cigarettes, and the output of the French cigarette factories was 600,000,000.

On less than 2 per cent. of the area of the Cotton States is grown three-fourths of all the cotton manufactured in Europe and the United States.

Of the 217 members who in 1821 formed the Paris Geographical Society—said to be the oldest organization of its kind—only one is now living.

The chief of police in Atlanta, Ga., is in the habit of disguising himself as a "masher" and mingling with his patrolmen on an "equal footing."

An aged lady resident of Georgia boasts of having now in use, and without a break in it, a sifter which she purchased when married, 61 years ago.

The first complete translation of the Babylonian Talmud into German or any other language is announced to appear shortly at Innsbruck in about thirty-six parts quarto.

Five rabbits were recently killed at one shot by a Rabun county, Ga., hunter. The bunnies were all huddled together in an old hollow log to keep warm during the snow storm.

Poetry.

THE PRINTER'S HIAWATHA.

Should you ask us why this dunning?
Why all these complaints and murmurs?
Murmurs loud bout delinquents,
Who have read the paper weekly,
Read what they have never paid for,
Read with pleasure and with profit,
Read the church affairs and prospects,
Read the news, both home and foreign,
Full of wisdom and instruction;
Read the table of the markets,
Carefully corrected weekly—
Should you ask why all this dunning?

From the printer, from the mailer,
From the kind old paper maker,
From the landlord, from the devil,
From the man who taxes letters
With the stamp of Uncle Samuel—
Uncle Sam the rowdies call him;—
From them all there comes a message,
Message kind but firmly spoken:
"Please to pay the bills you owe me."

Sad it is to hear the message,
When our funds are all exhausted,
When the last greenback has left us,
When the nickles all have vanished;
Gone to pay the toiling printer,
Gone to pay the paper maker,
Gone to pay the landlord's tribute,
Gone to pay the clerk and devil,
Gone to pay the faithful mailer,
Gone to pay old Uncle Samuel—
Uncle Sam the rowdies call him—
Gone to pay for beef and Bridget,
Gone to pay the faithful parson.

Sad it is to turn our ledger,
Turn the leaves of that old ledger,
Turn and see what sums are due us,
Due for volumes long since ended,
Due for years of pleasant reading,
Due for years of anxious labor,
Due despite of patient waiting,
Due despite of constant waiting,
Due in sums from two to twenty.

Would you rift a burden from us?
Would you drive a spectre from us?
Would you taste a peasant's number?
Would you have a quiet conscience?
Would you read a paper paid for?
Send us money when dates see you!
Put it into his long fingers—
All this money that you owe us.

MY CEILING.

A whitewashed land of hazy dreams,
It stretches like a sky above me.
While from its musty depths there gleams
The glance of eyes that watch and love me.
When sorrow comes with silent night,
And teardrops down my cheek are stealing,
Hope puts the gloomy clouds to flight,
And paints her pictures on my ceiling.

Beyond these plaster gates there dwells
The queen of realm serene and golden—
A goddess to whose magic spells
The muse and I are much beholden.
She heeds the poet's plaintive cries,
Her bidden treasure quick revealing:
He's but to lift his longing eyes
And copy fancies from the ceiling.

I'm young and poor and fortune lays
Her thickest stick about my shoulders;
The high road to my future bays
Is thickly strewn with jagged boulders;
On terra firma I'm a slave,
Before stern masters humbly kneeling;
A crowned king among the brave,
My sway is boundless—through the ceiling.

Amid the parching plains of life
One verdant islet stands forever—
A spot where only joy is rife
And darkness hides the sunlight never,
Let Fortune hence her vengeance wreak,
Sweet Fancy notes my glance appealing
And quickly lends me wings to seek
The peaceful land beyond my ceiling.
—*London Fun.*

A MARCH EVENING.

The boughs are black, the wind is cold,
And cold and black the fading sky;
And cold and ghostly, fold on fold,
Across the hills the vapors lie.

Sad is my heart, and dim mine eye,
With thoughts of all the woes that were;
And all that through the forward year,
Prophetic, flit the phantoms by.

But, in the cheerless silence, hark,
Some throstle's vesper, loud and clear,
Beside his mate I hear him sing;

And, sudden at my feet I mark
A daffodil that lights the dark—
Joy, joy 'tis here, the spring, the spring.
—*George Miller in Longman.*

Our Story Teller.

A Flirtation.

A LITTLE STORY WITH A MORAL FOR YOUNG LADIES.

It was begun on the Lake Shore Railroad, forty miles west of Buffalo. Some ten miles back Flora had taken the train, in company with her cousin Thad and his wife. They were going to Buffalo; cousin Thad to renew his stock of agricultural implements, the ladies to renew their supplies of handkerchiefs, ribbons, gloves, etc.

After noonning, and dinner and supper at the Tifft House, Thad and his wife intended to return by the evening express, while Flora was to go for a week's visit to a school friend—Cora Swift—who had recently been married, and lived in a suburb of Buffalo.

When the flirtation began Flora had not seen the face of the "gentleman," as she called him. He was seated three or four seats in front of her, and she had noticed his well-shaped, well-fitted shoulders, and the brown waving hair under a soft felt hat, but his face was hidden behind a newspaper. At length, however, glancing inadvertently into the mirror that was placed at an angle at the end of the car, she saw his face stretched in a wide, prolonged yawn. Their eyes just at that moment met, and she thoughtlessly smiled at the spectacle, and in a second, thinking what she had done was at least rude, hurriedly lifted her handkerchief to her face to cover her smile. Perhaps it was to cover his open mouth that the "gentleman" put up his handkerchief, but it seemed like a response to Flora's act.

"The gentleman's" eyes twinkled, and he responded to Flora's smile apparently amused at being caught. He also at once turned his seat, so that he was in a position to see Flora without any movement on his part.

Her cheeks reddened. She looked out of the car window, but in a short time her eyes again met the other eyes in the glass.

"The gentleman" did not stare rudely. He simply glanced a moment, and then resumed the reading of his paper. As he did this, Flora foolishly allowed herself to examine him more closely, and soon came to the conclusion that he was a very fine-looking and a very gentlemanly-appearing man. Before she had fully concluded her scrutiny, however, the brown eyes in the mirror were again lifted, and met hers. She blushed, turned her head quickly, and then smiled nervously. The movement and the smile attracted the notice of her cousin.

"What amuses you?" she asked carelessly.

Flora leaned toward her, and with bright eyes and a flushed face laughingly described what had occurred.

"It was very funny," she continued, "and since I caught him yawning, he looks frequently into the glass, and the roguish twinkle in his eyes is very amusing."

"The impudent fellow!" exclaimed Thad's wife, turning toward the mirror.

The smiling brown eyes there found no favoring response in her face. She looked steadily into them with the expression of an affronted guardian of imperiled youth.

"You should not notice a strange man in this way!" she said severely. "It is very improper."

"Why, its real fun, and there certainly cannot be any harm in it," giggled Flora. "I'm sure I didn't begin it, and he is a very gentlemanly looking man."

"There is harm in it," said Cousin Thad's wife, "and you should at once avoid looking in the glass."

In a spirit of willfulness Flora exclaimed petulantly: "Why, I can't raise my eyes without looking into the glass, especially when I'm conscious that the roguish eyes in the glass are looking at me."

"Well, you must not do it. It's simply scandalous!" said Thad's wife.

"We can turn the seat over and sit with our backs to the fellow."

"But that will seem absurdly conscious!" Flora interposed.

"You certainly can't look any more conscious than you do now, sitting here and flirting with a stranger. Come, do get up, and I will turn the back of the seat." Put glancing over her shoulder, she added: "But there are men in the seat behind us."

"Yes, of course there are, and how would it look for us to whirl our seat over and arrange ourselves facing them!"

By this time Thad's attention was attracted, and he leaned across the aisle and asked in a laughing way, what they were quarreling about. Before the question was answered, the car door was flung open and the conductor shouted the name of a station. The train stopped; Thad got off, as he said, to straighten himself out; "the gentleman," too, left the car, as did the men in the seat back of the two ladies.

"There, the seat back of us is empty!" said Thad's wife. "Now we can turn the back of our seat, and you can have a seat to yourself with your back to the mirror."

"And if that shouldn't be sufficient," laughed Flora. "Thad can ask the conductor to put the man with the eyes off the train."

In the meantime, the vacant seats were rapidly taken by the way passengers. As the train was moving from the station, Thad seated himself by Flora. A second, later, "the gentleman" entered and went forward to the seat where he had left his valise. Two ladies occupied it, and coolly stared at him. He looked indignant, but picked up his valise from the floor where they had set it, and went down the aisle.

Right and left he glanced, seeking a vacant seat. Thad watched him. He did not know of the flirtation, and was a good natured fellow, so he said, as "the gentleman" passed:

"You can have a seat here, sir, if you will accept it. You will not object to sit with your cousin," he added, to Flora.

Mira was indignant. She tried to catch her husband's eye, and endeavored to protest by touching his boot with one foot, and by treading on Flora's gaiter with the other, but Thad was dull and could not comprehend, and Flora, without hesitation, demurely moved over beside Mira. With proper acknowledgement "the gentleman" seated himself.

He glanced at Flora. There was a twinkle in his eye. Flora blushed, but was evidently pleased.

Mira was very nervous and angry.

She put up her palm-leaf so as to prevent, if possible, the two from seeing each other, and tried to draw Flora into conversation.

"Take this magazine, Flora, and look over the fashion notes, so that we may know what to buy when we get to Buffalo."

"Oh, I know what I want!" Flora said, with an impatient tossing of her head, resenting the interference of her cousin. "As if I needed a duenna!" she said to herself. "I think I'm fully able to take care of myself, and know quite as well as she does what is proper or improper."

In the meantime, "the gentleman" and Thad were talking about the time they were making, the hour they would get into Buffalo, and other road matters, and through all the talk there were occasional glances between Flora and the stranger.

As a last resort Mira exclaimed: "It's very dusty, Flora, the cinders are dangerous. Take my veil and put it on. I have another in my satchel."

"No, I should smother," Flora replied, pushing away the two and a half yards of brown berege tendered to her.

Just then the peanut-boy came along, and Thad bought oranges for the ladies, and "the gentleman" also indulged in one or two purchases. He offered some of his parched corn candy first to Thad and then to the ladies. This brought more familiar relations, helped unconsciously by the innocent Thad, and in spite of Mira's frantic attempts to appropriate "the gentleman's" general remarks and to make the replies, he succeeded in making more or less conversation with the willing Flora.

Arrived at the city, it was a matter of course that "the gentleman" should assist Flora in taking her traveling satchel and other belongings from the train, especially as Thad was giving his attention to his wife, and that he should be invited by the unconscious Thad to occupy the vacant seat in the carriage which conveyed the whole party to the Tifft House.

Here "the gentleman" took his leave, with an impressive manner towards Flora, which made her blush. Mira was almost beside herself with indignation, and before they were in their rooms began with excited volubility to tell Thad about the mirror and "the gentleman's" significant smiles and glances.

With much vehemence Flora protested, made denials and endeavored to justify herself.

"I didn't make eyes at him," she said, 'I didn't look sentimental. Why, Thad! I didn't look at him a bit more than Mira did. And there was no more harm for me to look at him than there was for Myra. It did not hurt my eyes."

"A girl can not be too careful in such matters." Thad said, soberly. "Men often presume upon the slightest grounds to press their attentions. You would feel very much humiliated to find in the morning paper a personal addressed to you."

"I'd think the personal, in fact the whole thing, very funny, anyhow," returned Flora. "But no man with any sense would take advantage of the trifling things that Mira is making such a fuss about."

"But some men are made up without principle," Thad said, as he put on his hat for the street.

"But the man of the looking-glass isn't that kind!" Flora retorted, with a nod of triumph.

In half an hour Flora was ready for the street and for shopping. As she sat waiting for her cousin there was rap at the door. She opened it. A letter was handed her addressed: "To the Young Lady of Room 34 Tifft House." Slipping the letter into her pocket, she called to Mira, in the dressing room, "I'll wait for you in the parlor," and hurried along the corridor, feeling half guilty, and yet excited and curious to know if the letter was really from "the gentleman" who was in the cars. Reaching the parlor, she opened and read it with a throbing heart and a glowing cheek. Then she wrote on one of the hotel cards:

"Room 34.

"Mr Ben—Sentiment is independent of name or place or other externals. The yielding to your request will depend upon the right conditions. If you have anything further to communicate, I shall be in Buffalo for a week, and you can address me through the post office. To-day we shall be in Room 34, Tifft House. Of course that forty-mile ride on the Lake Shore R. R. was too amusing to forget.

This she addressed to "Mr. Ben, P O Box 1123."

Some hours later, when the ladies returned from their shopping to the Tifft House, Mira saw Flora take a letter from the table in her room and place it in her pocket. She asked no questions, and in a few minutes was dozing on the sofa. Ten minutes passed, when she was aroused by a shake and saw Flora, pale and excited, by her side.

"Mira! Mira!" she said, "please wake up and tell me what to do. I'm so frightened that I'm almost crazy! She threatens to expose me."

"To expose you! Who threatens to expose you?" said Mira, sitting up, bewildered and frightened. "What in the world are you talking about?"

"Oh, I forgot that you don't know about it," said Flora. "Why you see that man wrote me a few lines."

"What man?"

"That man who was in the car."

"He did?" cried Mira. "The impudent, presuming"——

"And I wrote him a few lines just answering a few questions;"

"Why, Flora Denton! Aren't you ashamed? What would your mother say? Writing to a strange man is utterly disreputable! I don't want the responsibility of having you in charge again. Why, don't you know that such things are full of danger?"

"I've found out that they are," Flora answered with trembling lips. "The gentleman's wife"——

"Don't call him a gentleman!" Mira interrupted. "No gentleman would do such things as he has been doing."

"The villian's wife," amended Flora, "opened the note I wrote to him and read it."

"I'm glad she did; it served you right!"

"And she says she or her brother is coming around here to find out who I am. Do read this fearful note!"

"You forward girl! I warn you that if you ever write again to my husband, whom you call 'Mr. Ben,' I shall take the most efficacious measures in my power of publishing you to the world. I shall send this note to your room, and command you to remain there until I or my brother can call on you, which one or the other of us will do immediately.

"The Wife of Mr. Ben."

"What can I do about it?" said Flora, with a piteous face. "You see, I never dreamed that he was a married man. He just ought to be shot for taking advantage of me in this way! It's as mean as it can be. Do tell me what to do!"

"I don't see anything you can do except to meet the woman and frankly apologize to her."

"But I can never endure such an interview. She might shoot me or something else. Couldn't I remain in my room and let you see her? Oh, do allow me to do this, Mira!"

"No; you'll have to take the consequences. I did all I could to interrupt your foolish performances."

There was a loud rap at the door.

"Oh, there she is now!" Flora cried, starting to her feet like one hunted.

The door was opened by Thad. He was told what had occurred, and after reading the woman's letter, he said: "Well, the train starts in an hour that is to take Mira and me home. If the woman calls before we leave the hotel, I will meet her and if possible prevent an interview with Flora. If she does not I think Flora had better return with us, instead of visiting her friend here. Thus possible trouble may be avoided."

"Oh, I shall be glad to go. I shall not dare to remain here. I can write Cora that circumstances prevented my visit. Do let us leave at once. I dare not stay here a moment longer than is necessary. I wish I had stayed at home with mamma."

They left the hotel at once, and were fortunate in not meeting the woman, who, it is possible, did not carry out her threat. At any rate, it was so severe a lesson to Flora that for weeks she was in a state of nervous agitation, hardly daring to receive a letter from the post office, or to meet any stranger who might knock at the door of her home.

The moral of the story to all girls traveling in the cars is too apparent for me to dwell upon.—*Youth's Companion.*

Preparation.

Wendell Philips in his youth was a lover of out-door sport, and acquired from daily practice skill in boxing and fencing. But athletics did not engross his time. Though a faithful student of the text-books during his college life, he did not confine himself to them. There were no "electics" in the college course in those days and he stood high in his class. He found time to study history and biography, to read works of fiction in prose and poetry, and to become acquainted with the best of French literature. Unconsciously to himself, he was storing up knowledge for use as a platform speaker and lecturer.

He gave one year to the study of the English Revolution of 1614. He read every memoir, speech, novel and play relating to that formative epoch that was accessible to him.

Another year was devoted to the study of the age of George the Third, including our own revolution. Then he studied Dutch history as thoroughly as translation would allow. His heroes—and he knew them as if they were neighbors—were Raleigh, Marvel, Pym, Sir Harry Vane; his favorites—Cromwell, William Harvey, the discoverer of the circulation of the blood, James Watt, the mechanic, Jay, Franklin, Hamilton, Samuel Adams, and Eli Whitney, the inventor of cotton gin.

The students of human nature will say that the names of such heroes on a young man's visiting-list showed not only the company he kept but his own character.

Scott was his favorite novelist, and he read his works until he almost knew them by heart. Later in life, he studied Shakespeare and read Elizabeth Browning, whom he pronounced the first of modern poets. He preferred George Eliot and Charlotte Bronte to Dickens or Thackeray, because he said they saw life truer and deeper, though they lacked their artistic skill.

A Fortune Lost by Poker.

San Francisco Call.

Steve J. made the largest winning at one poker sitting that I saw on the Comstock; on which occasion he pocketed a good $10,000. Bill Gibson lost in two nights at poker just $15,000—$9,400 the first night, and $5,600 the next. The work of those two nights, by the way, cost him a huge fortune. He had just got a sure pointer on Crown Point, which was then selling at $7 or $8, and had started down town to give an order for as much as his $15,000 cash in hand would cover. On his way he stepped into his house and found the boys waiting for him to open a poker game. The result was that he sat down to play with them for a little while, took a header in bad luck and dropped his cash, entirely forgetting the pointer that had been given him. Crown Point went up to $1,900, so that Gibson, if he had carried out his original intention, would have cleared anywhere between $3,900,000 and $4,000,000.

A Country Girl's Home-made Hat.

A country girl residing a few miles from this place appeared in our market on Saturday morning with a cosy, jaunty-looking hat made solely of oat straw and corn shucks that grew upon her father's farm. It was tastily but not gaudily trimmed with chicken feathers dyed in pokeberry juice and blue writing fluid. Several persons who examined this headgear pronounced it really beautiful.—*Carlisle Herald.*

A man and his wife who have been in the business of manufacturing vinegar since 1879 have made an assignment. If a divorce suit had been the result of this partnership it would not have been surprising.

When one's tile is old fashioned, adding an "8" will make it (s) tileish again.

Cleveland's Inaugural Address.

Fellow Citizens: In the presence of this vast assemblage of my country, I am about to supplement and seal by the oath which I shall take the manifestation of the will of a great and free people. In the exercise of this power and the right of self-government they have committed to one of their fellow-citizens a supreme and sacred trust, and he here consecrates himself to their service. This impressive ceremony adds little to the solemn sense of responsibility with which I contemplate the duty I owe to the people of this land. Nothing can relieve me from anxiety, lest by any act of mine their interests may suffer, and nothing is needed to strengthen my resolution to engage every faculty and effort in the promotion of their welfare. Amid the din of party strife the people's choice was made; but its attendant circumstances have demonstrated a new strength and safety of government by the people. In each succeeding year it more clearly appears that our democratic principle needs no apology and that in its fearless and faithful application is to be found the surest guaranty of good government.

But the best results in the operations of a government wherein every citizen has a share largely depend upon the proper limitation of purely partisan zeal and effort, and a correct appreciation of the time when the heat of partisan strife should be merged in the patriotism of the citizens. To-day the executive branch of the government is transferred to a new keeping, but this is still the government of all the people, and it should be none the less an object of their affectionate solicitude. At this hour the animosities of political strife, the bitterness of partisan defeat, and the exultation of partisan triumph should be supplanted by ungrudging acquiescence in the popular will and sober, conscientious concern for the popular weal. Moreover, if from this hour we cheerfully and honestly abandon all sectional prejudice and distrust, and determine, with manly confidence in one another, to work out harmoniously the achievements of our national destiny, we shall deserve to realize all the benefits which our happy form of government can bestow.

On this suspicious occasion we may well renew the pledge of our devotion to the constitution which, launched by the founders of the republic, and consecrated by their prayers and patriotic devotion, has for almost a century borne the hopes and aspirations of a great people through prosperity and peace, and through the shock of foreign conflict and the peril of domestic strife and vicissitudes. By the Father of his Country our constitution was commended for adoption as "the result of a spirit of amity and mutual concession." In that same spirit it should be administered, in order to promote the lasting welfare of this country, and to secure the full measure of its priceless benefits to us and to those who will succeed to the blessings of our national life. The large variety of diverse and competing interests subject to federal control, persistently seeking the recognition of their claims, need give us no fear that "the greatest good to the greatest number" will fail to be accomplished. If, in the halls of national legislation, that spirit of amity and mutual concession shall prevail in which the constitution had its birth; if this involves the surrender or postponement of private interests and the abandonment of local advantages, compensation will be found in the assurance that thus the common interest is subserved and the general welfare advanced.

In the discharge of official duty I shall endeavor to be guided by a just and unstrained construction of the constitution, a careful observance of the distinction between the powers granted the federal government and those reserved to the states or to the people, and by a cautious appreciation of those functions which by the constitution and laws have been especially assigned to the executive branch of the government, but he who takes the oath to-day to preserve, protect and defend the constitution of the United States only assumes the solemn obligation which every patriotic citizen on the farms, in the workshops, in the busy marts of trade, and everywhere should share with him. The constitution which prescribes his oath my countrymen, is yours. The government you have chosen him to administer for a time is yours. The suffrage which executes the will of freemen is yours. The laws and the entire scheme of our civil rule from the town meeting to the state capitals and the national capital are yours. Yours, every voter, as surely as your chief magistrate, under the same high sanction, though in a different sphere, exercises a public trust. Nor is this all. Every citizen owes to the country a vigilant watch and close scrutiny of its public servants and a fair and reasonable estimate of their fidelity and usefulness. Thus is the people's will impressed upon the whole framework of our civil policy—municipal, state, and federal—and this is the price of our liberty and the inspiration of our faith in the republic.

It is the duty of those serving the people in public places to closely limit the public expenditures to the actual needs of the government, economically administered, because this bounds the right of the government to exact tribute from the earnings of labor or the property of citizens, and because public extravagance among the people. We should never be ashamed of the simplicity and prudential economies which are best suited to the operation of a republican form of government and most compatible with the mission of the American people. Those who are selected for a limited time to manage public affairs are still of the people, and may do much by their example to encourage, consistently with the dignity of their official functions, that plain way of life which among their fellow citizens, aids integrity and promotes thrift and prosperity.

The genius of our institutions, the needs of our people in their home life, and the attention which is demanded for the settlement and development of the resources of our vast territory dictate the scrupulous avoidance of any departure from that of foreign policy commended by the history, the traditions and the prosperity of our republic. It is the policy of independence, favored by our position and defended by our known love of justice and by our power; it is the policy of peace suitable to our interests; it is the policy of neutrality rejecting any share in foreign broils and ambitions upon other continents, and repelling their intrusion here; it is the policy of Monroe and Washington and Jefferson—"Peace, commerce and honest friendship with all nations, entangling alliances with none."

A due regard for the interests and prosperity of all the people demands that our finances shall be established on such a sound and sensible basis as shall secure the safety and confidence of the business interests and make the wages of labor sure and steady, and that our system of revenue shall be so adjusted as to relieve the people from unnecessary taxation, having a due regard to the interest of capital invested and workingmen employed in American industries, and preventing the accumulation of a surplus in the treasury to tempt extravagance and waste. Care for the property of the nation and for the needs of future settlers requires that the public domain should be protected from purloining schemes and unlawful occupation. The conscience of the people demands that the Indians within our boundaries shall be fairly and honestly treated as wards of the government, and their education and civilization promoted with a view to their ultimate citizenship; and that polygamy in the territories, destructive of the family relation and offensive to the moral sense of the civilized world shall be repressed.

The law should be rigidly enforced which prohibits the immigration of a servile class to compete with American labor, with no intention of acquiring citizenship, and bringing with them and retaining habits and customs repugnant to our civilization. The people demand reform in the administration of the government and the application of business principles to public affairs. As a means to this end civil service reform should be in good faith enforced. Our citizens have a right to protection from the incompetency of public employes, who hold their places solely as the reward of partisan service, and from the corrupting influence of those who promise and the vicious methods of those who expect such rewards; and those who worthily seek public employment have the right to insist that merit and competency shall be recognized, instead of party subserviency or the surrender of honest political belief.

In the administration of a government pledged to do equal and exact justice to all men, there should be no pretext for anxiety touching the protection of the freedmen in their rights or their security in the enjoyment of their privileges under the constitution and its amendments. All discussion as to their fitness for the place accorded to them as American citizens is idle and unprofitable, as it suggests the necessity for their improvement. The fact that they are citizens entitles them to all the rights due to that relation, and charges them with all its duties, obligations and responsibilities.

These topics and the constant and ever varying wants of an active and enterprising population may well receive the attention and the patriotic endeavors of all who make and execute the federal law. Our duties are practical and call for industrious application, an intelligent perception of the claims of public office, and above all a firm determination by united action to secure to all the people of the land the full benefits of the best form of government ever vouchsafed to man.

All Sorts.

The pride of skating goes before a fall.

Two States oftenest together.—Wis. Ky.

Young men now have an opportunity to go West and snow up with the country.

There is a law in Bermuda prohibiting the removal of bodies of foreigners who have died there till one year after death.

Sarah Hill Sharon is to marry her counsel. She probably thought that this was the only way to get the money awarded to her.

There are 90 different styles of collars in the market, and it uses a dude all up when he is compelled to make a new selection from this number.

A North Carolina negro went right on playing the fiddle after a bullet had been fired into his brain. Exasperated people will hereafter fire at the fiddle.

"Let go my ear," yelled a passenger on a West Side street car yesterday. "I beg your pardon," said the other man, "I thought I had hold of the strap."

"Are you hungry, my dear?" "Yes," replied Matilda, who sees a hot supper in the background. "Very well, my love; let's take a roll in the skating rink."

"There are good and bad points about this coffee," said the boarder, in a judicial tone. "The good point that there is no chicory in it; the bad that there is no coffee in it!"

"What country is this?" "This? Why, this is America." "Ah, yes; America, the asylum for the poor and oppressed of all nations." "No, not of all nations." What nation is excepted, I'd like to know?" "Why America."

"Briggs," said a Pine street lawyer to his young clerk, "why weren't you at the office earlier this morning?" "Beg pardon, sir, but I am a reformer. I believe that the office should seek the man; not the man the office."

"You look distressed, Mr. Slowpay; what's the matter?" "Matter enough, I've lost my pocketbook." "That is bad; much in it?" "No; that's what worries me. I'm afraid some poor man will find it, and if he does it'll ruin him."

Miscellaneous.

Foundry & Machine SHOPS, AND Farmers' Repair Depot.

Having leased the old Bellefonte Foundry, and improved and repaired the same, we are now prepared to make all kinds of

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on short notice. All kinds of Farming Machinery Repaired and missing parts supplied.

Mowers, Reapers, Self-Binders, Threshing and Horse Power Machines a Specialty.

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Attended to on short notice, or anything else that comes under our line of business.

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WIN more money than at anything else by taking an agency for the best selling book out. Beginners succeed grandly. None fail. Terms free. HALLETT BOOK Co., Portland, Maine. jan1 1y

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9 9-1y. GEORGE L. POTTER,

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Professional Cards.

JOHN KLINE, Attorney-at-Law, Bellefonte, Pa.
Office on second floor of Furst's new building north of Court House. 16 17 1f

S. D. RAY, Attorney-at-Law, Bellefonte, Pa.
Special attention given to the collection of claims. Office, south-west corner of Diamond, near Brockerhoff House. 13-2tf

D. H. HASTINGS. W. F. REEDER.
HASTINGS & REEDER, Attorneys-at-Law,
Bellefonte, Pa. Office on Allegheny street, two doors north of office formerly occupied by the late firm of Yocum & Hastings. 13-40-1y

J. G. LOVE, Attorney-at-Law, Bellefonte, Pa.
Office in rooms formerly occupied by the late W. P. Wilson. [a4'71-tf

CLEMENT DALE, Attorney-at-Law,
Office on High Street second door from First National Bank. 3 42-tf

E. BLANCHARD.....E. M. BLANCHARD
E. & E. M. BLANCHARD, Attorneys-at-Law,
v6 1-1y High Street, Bellefonte, Pa.

C. T. ALEXANDER, Attorney-at-Law,
Bellefonte, Pa. Office in Garman's building opposite Court House. 5-1—9-82

D. S. KELLER, Attorney-at-Law,
Bellefonte, Pa. Office on Allegheny street, first door south of Lyon's new store. 5-17-1y

Physicians and Dentists.

G. M. SWARTZ, Dentist, located at Bellefonte, Pa. Office on second floor of Reynolds' bank building, Allegheny street. 5-23

DR. J. D. GEISSINGER,
DENTIST.
A graduate of the Pennsylvania College of Dental Surgery, Philadelphia, has permanently located in Bellefonte, Pa., for the practice of Dentistry in all its branches, including the treatment of diseases of the mouth.
Office: No. 40 North Allegheny st., in building formerly occupied by Hon. J. R. Linn.

Banks and Bankers.

S. C. HUMES, Pres't.....[illegible] P. HARRIS, Cash'r
FIRST NATIONAL BANK of Bellefonte
Allegheny Street, Bellefonte, Pa. v6n1-1y

Shaving Saloons.

WM. MILLS
FASHIONABLE BARBER AND HAIR DRESSER.
Neatest rooms and experienced workmen, under Centre county bank building High street, Bellefonte, Pa. aug 17 1m

M. S. GRAHAM,
FASHIONABLE BARBER
In basement of the Central House, Bellefonte, Pa. The best of razors, sharp and keen, always on hand. The guarantee a shave without other pulling or pain. Perfumery, hair oil, hair restoratives, etc., constantly on hand. *Warm and Cold Baths.* 5-16

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PHILADELPHIA, PENN'A.
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TERMS, $1.50 PER DAY.
MRS. ELIZABETH A. HUTTON Proprietress
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NEW BROCKERHOFF HOUSE,
ALLEGHENY STREET, BELLEFONTE, PA.
Good sample room on first floor. Free Bus to and from all trains. Special rates to Witnesses and Jurors. 18 9tf

—That was a very delightful entertainment given on Friday evening in the Court House for the benefit of the Lutheran church. We use the term "entertainment," because there was beautiful vocal music by such persons as Messrs. C. E. Schæffer, Lew Schæffer and John Musser, and by the Misses Bradley, with Miss Ohnmacht at the organ. Then the lecture by the Rev. Chas. F. Steck abounded in fine passages, which, while giving the speaker's individual views in regard to the real heroism of this and other ages, added to that the graces of elocution of which the speaker is a thorough master. To be sure, we do not like this thing of taking from our heroes much of the reason for devoted worship in which we regard them, or to force us to admit that they are in many of their actions but ordinary men—for we believe in hero worship—and the destruction of all that is glorious in that little incident in Washington's life pierced us to the heart; but the aim of the lecturer to elevate the unrecognized hero as the peer of the one whose heroism is universally acknowledged is praiseworthy, and the lecturer's appeal to oblivion to restore the names of the heroes who made with Magellan the first circum-navigation of the globe was to us the most thrilling passage. The lecture was a rich treat and was highly enjoyed by an audience of between 300 and 400 cultivated people.

From Philipsburg.

Philipsburg was not very largely represented at the inauguration.

Another small snow on Sunday night, March 1. The sleighing has been superb here for the past month to the great delight of the young folks

Spruce street has a female weather prophet. She says she can beat Wiggins every time.

Several hacks now convey passengers to and from the Vanderbilt railroad station.

Our liverymen have been as happy as they well could be for the last month or so.

The water pipes in some parts of town have been causing our citizens some trouble for a while past.

The scarlet fever scare in this place has subsided. No new cases reported lately.

Our schools are all in a flourishing condition. There is a good corps of teachers this winter. SOME ONE.

—Says the *Democrat*: "On last Monday night the barn on Dr. VanTries' farm near Linden Hall upon which Mr. Swab's residence was destroyed by fire." It would be very difficult to tell from that sentence whether the barn or the residence was destroyed.

Death of a Revolutionist,

KEY WEST, Fla., March 6.—Havana newspapers describe the death of the revolutionist Aguero as having occurred on the evening of March 2, at Prendes Partures, in the encounter of his band with a Spanish force commanded by Lieutenant Lono and Sergeant Zamora, aided by the civic guards. Aguero was hacked to pieces with machetes. Jose Morejon was also killed. Casimero Satolonzo was badly wounded, but escaped. There was great rejoicing in Havana over Aguero's downfall, and the revolutionists in this city are correspondingly depressed.

Carlos Aguero was born at Camaguey in 1856. When only 14 years of age he took part in the Yara revolution. He fought under General Harry Reeves, of Brooklyn, Ignacio Agramonte and Maximo Gomez, always commanding the esteem and respect of his superiors. In enterprises of great danger and difficulty he manifested courage, self-possession and resources astonishing in so young a man. He took part in the insurrection led by General Calixto Garcia. Being taken prisoner, he was held in captivity at Havana. He subsequently went to New York, in 1882, in order to obtain funds for another revolt In this object he failed, but nevertheless returned to Cuba and raised the standard of revolt at Cienfuegos with but a handful of men around him.

He left Key West on April 1, 1884, with an expedition composed of twenty-seven men, supplied with arms, ammunition and dynamite. The United States revenue vessel Dix pursued the expedition, but returned without having overtaken it. A landing was effected at Cardenas, April 3. General Aguero was below the medium height, and weighed only about 115 poonds.

Miss Leisenring's Marriage.

WHITE HAVEN, March 5.—Dr. Henry M. Neal and Miss Ada L., daughter of Mary A. Leisenring, all of Upper Lehigh, were married in the Presbyterian Church at that place this afternoon. The bride is a niece of the late Judge Leisenring and is extensively known in the social circles of Lehigh Valley. Prominent guests from Philadelphia and other places were in attendance. Large numbers of costly gifts were presented. A visit to the principal Eastern cities is embraced in the bridal tour.

Miscellaneous.

ADMINISTRATORS' NOTICE.—Letters of administration having been granted the undersigned upon the estate of Henry Reeser, late of Benner township, all persons knowing themselves to be indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same to present them, duly authenticated, for settlement.
JOHN REESER, } Administrators.
DANIEL HECKMAN, }
Bellefonte, Pa., Jan. 3, 1885. 17 5 6t

8% NET Security 3 to 6 times loan. INTEREST semi-annual. 20th year of residence and 11th of business. No Investor ever had to pay Taxes, costs of Foreclosure, wait for Interest, or take Land. BEST of References. Write if you have money to loan. Address D. S. B. JOHNSTON & SON, Negotiators of Mortgage Loans, Mention this paper. ST. PAUL, MINN. 16-25 1y

STEAM ENGINES. Clay and Ore Pans, Hoisting Engines and Machinery a specialty. second hand Engines and Boilers on hand. Send for Stock List. THOMAS ARLAN, Allegheny City 16 19 1y eow

Climbing the Spiral Stairs.

Invisible Architecture in a New England Parsonage.

"Yes," she said, "our children are married and gone, and my husband and I sit by our winter fire much as we did before the little ones came to widen the circle. Life is something like a spiral staircase; we are all the time coming around over the spot we started from, only one degree further up the stairs."

"That is a pretty illustration," remarked her friend, musingly, gazing into the glowing coals which radiated a pleasant heat from the many windowed stove. "You know we cannot stop toiling up the hill, though."

"Surely we cannot, and for myself I don't find fault with that necessity provided the advance in life is not attended with calamity or suffering, for I have had my share of that. Not long since my health utterly broke down. My system was full of malaria. My digestion became thoroughly disordered and my nerves were in a wretched state. I was languid, ate little and that without enjoying it, and had no strength or ambition to perform even my light household duties. Medical treatment failed to reach the seat of the trouble. The disease—which seemed to be weakness of the vital organs—progressed until I had several attacks which my physicians pronounced to be acute congestion of the stomach. The last of these was a desparate struggle and I was given up to die. As the crisis had partially passed, my husband heard of the merits of **Parker's Tonic** as an invigorant in just such cases as mine. I took it and felt its good effects at once. It appeared to pervade my body, as though the blessing of new life had come to me. Taking no other medicine I continued to improve, and am now in better health than I have been for a long time."

[Extract from interview with the wife of Rev. P. Perry, pastor of Baptist church, Cold brook, Mass. 17 9 4t

CATARRH

HAY-FEVER

I am cured of catarrh and deafness by Ely's Cream Balm. My aunt was deaf. It restored her hearing.—F. D. Morse, Insurance, Elizabeth, N. J.

GIVE IT A TRIAL.

Ely's Cream Balm Causes no pain Gives Relief at once. A Thorough Treatment will Cure. Not a liquid. Not a Snuff. Apply to nostrils.

Price, 50 cts. at druggists; 60 cts by mail, registered. Sample bottle by mail 10 cts.
ELY BROTHERS, Druggists, Owego, N. Y.
17 5 4t

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A First-Class Tin Shop in connection with the Establishment.

Wilson & McFarlane--Hardware.

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Have for sale in HEATING STOVES,

THE CROWNING GLORY
OF BASE BURNERS.

This Stove is well named. It has a Diving Flue in front, making it a Front Heater.

Immense Radiating Surface.

ALSO,

FORT ORANGE AND EASTLAKE.

We would call your attention to

The Welcome Home Heaters,
DOUBLE AND SINGLE.

Beautifully finished in Nickel. Our line of COOK STOVES and RANGES is complete.

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Miscellaneous.

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Miscellaneous.

A. A. BLIZZARD

The United States Government Census Volume, just published, speaks of the "REMARKABLE SUCCESS" attending our "UNIQUE AND UNTIRING EFFORTS" in pushing the *American Agriculturist*. It began the current year with a larger subscription list than at any corresponding period in twelve years. The able corps of editors, who have made the *American Agriculturist* a welcome visitor to thousands of American homes for a quarter of a century, are now bending all their energies to make the journal, if possible, more interesting and valuable than ever to our readers. And you may forthwith conclude that it

Is Sweeping

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Miscellaneous.

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LATEST TELEGRAPHIC NEWS

A Extraordinary Religious Gathering.

MIFFLINTOWN, March 8.—George Brumbaugh, Andrew Beashor, William H Kurtz, H. B. Brumbaugh, David Neiswanger, Seth Myers, John Rush, Andrew Spangler, John Stoner, Benjamin Shelenberger, William Zimmerman and Isaac Heading have been appointed by the brethern conference middle district of Pennsylvania to prepare for the holding of the Brethren national conference in Juniata county. Within the past few days one hundred and forty thousand feet on lumber have been unloaded at Mexico Station, on the Penn'a railroad, and hauled a mile and a-half to the farm of Rev. M. R Beashor, about four and a-half miles east of this place, where buildings will be erected for the largest ecclesiastical meeting ever held in the Juniata valley. The meeting will be opened on the 23d of May. No meeting will be held on the ground at night, but Brethren ministers will preach at night to which they may be invited.

In order to secure a perfect management in all of the details of the meeting the committee named above have sub-divided themselves into eleven committees, for the securement of building material, erection of buildings, for the securement of groceries, bread, pies, cakes, beef and pork, queensware, cutlery, tubs, buckets, water supply, feed, furnaces and printing. Twenty five steers that weigh ten or twelve hundred pounds each have been secured and are now in the course of fattening. In addition to the beef, the bill of fare for the meeting comprehends 600 weight of ham, 1,000 pounds of coffee, 50 pounds of tea, 2,500 pounds of sugar, 500 pounds of bologna sausage, 360 pounds dried beef, 1,000 pounds of cheese, 20 barrels crackers, 200 dozen eggs, six barrels pickles, 100 gallons milk per day, with many other good things to eat.

The tabernacle or preaching house is to be in size 170 feet long, 84 feet wide and have a capacity to seat 4,500 people. The dining hall is to be 150 feet long, 60 feet wide and have a capacity to seat 1,500 people. The restaurant building is to be 100 feet long and 13 feet wide. There is to be a baggage room, a commissary department and hospital. While all the means and details for the erection of buildings and for the boarding of the multitude will be provided for by the brethren of the conference of the middle district of Pennsylvania the meeting will be a national one, and fifteen hundred delegates will attend to represent the Brethren church of the United States of America.

Bayard's Successor.

DOVER, Del., March 6. Nothing can be learned as to whether or not Bayard has sent in his resignation. Governor Stockley and the Secretary of State are still in Washington. It is believed, however, that the resignation has not yet been tendered.

The Legislature returned from Washington last night, but will not meet until Monday. In the meantime candidates to fill the vacancy are busily at work. Lore's chances are improving. The extra election bugaboo has been disposed of by the announcement that the Congressman's friends will defray the expense of the election that will be necessary by his going from the House to the Senate. Ex-Congressman Martin's friends are leaving nothing undone and he will have a strong backing from the western portion of Sussex county in the vicinity of his home. Gray's prospects are not bright. His rumored renunciance to accept the position has done him no good, and the opposition to him in his own county is well organized. It is very probable that the fight between the two New Castle county men, Lore and Gray, will be so bitter that it will result in the election of a Sussex county man. This gives Martin a good place in the canvass. He is considered as exactly the man for the position, but the opponents of the administration will support anybody to beat the Governor.

The fight will open in earnest next week and the prospect is that the little State will be shaken from centre to circumference.

Proceedings in the Senate.

WASHINGTON, March 10.—The Chair laid before the Senate a memorial from the Governor of Arizona, asking for the appointment of a fourth Judge of the U. S. District Court. Referred.

The resolution offered yesterday by Mr. Hoar, that Mr. Blair be sworn in as Senator to fill a vacancy, was taken up, and a long argument ensued.

The Legislature which has to elect a Senator from New Hampshire will not meet until June next, and the debate turned upon the point whether in this emergency the Governor had a right to appoint Mr. Blair to fill the vacancy, and whether a vacancy had really occurred which the Executive could provide for.

Nothing of particular interest was developed in the debate, except that the point was made by Mr. Ingalls that the question at issue had a significant bearing upon the Senatorial vacancies in Illinois and Oregon.

Attacked by a Lioness.

PARIS, March 9.—The great lioness in the Winter Circus here attacked Edwards Williams, lion-tamer, while he was putting her through her regular performance in the cage last night. The scene at once threw the vast audience into horror and for a while the people were spell bound. Williams made a most desperate struggle, and the fight between him and the enraged beast lasted for some time, during which he was terribly lacerated, the lioness bounding about the cage, howling with rage. The circus attendants who ran to Williams' assistance with iron bars and prongs, while they succeeded in saving his life goaded the lioness to such ferocity that her actions threw the spectators into a panic and they rushed pell-mell from the place, the men crushing the women and children down and in many cases passing over them.

During all this excitement the lion tamer preserved his self-control and gradually neared the gate of the cage, his person torn and mangled and bleeding from innumerable wounds. At a favorable moment the door was opened and Williams slipped out and sprung it behind him. The moment he touched the ground he sank down from exhaustion into a prolonged swoon. He had to be removed to a hospital, where his injuries were pronounced very serious.

A Sawmill in Flames.

WILLIAMSPORT, March 8.

About daylight this morning the sawmill of Thomas W. Thompson was totally destroyed by fire, involving a loss of $40,000. The insurance is about $30,000. The mill was first class in every respect and gave employment to fifty-five or sixty men when running. It contained two engines, one of sixty and the other of one hundred and twenty horse-power, and all the improved machinery. The capacity was from 80,000 to 100 000 feet of lumber per day, and during the last season the total but reached 16,000,000 feet. It had just been repaired and put in order for the opening of spring business. The origin of the fire is unknown.

The driver of No. 1 engine, Edward Shadle, had a narrow escape. As the engine was ready to leave the engine house the team made a dash when he was caught between the wall and the engine and severely crushed. He held on the lines and was dragged some distance. When picked up it was found that his right ear was nearly cut off, his clothing torn into shreds and his body terribly bruised. The team ran for nearly a quarter of a mile in an opposite direction from the fire. Neither the horses nor the engine were damaged.

To Pray for Grant.

CHICAGO, March 9.—At a conference of the Methodist ministers of Chicago and vicinity this afternoon the following was on motion of Rev. Frank M. Bristol, of Trinity Methodist church, and after several earnest speeches, adopted unanimously, by a rising vote: "For inasmuch as we have heard, with profound regret, of the painful and serious illness of the distinguished citizen patriot and soldier, ex-President General U. S. Grant, therefore, Resolved, That we hereby express our heartfelt sympathies for the sufferer and set apart Sunday, March 15th, as a day of special prayer in our churches for his physical and spiritual well being, that he may be spared in God's good providence long to enjoy the high honors which his genius and patriotism have won on fields of battle and in halls of state, and, resolved, that we hereby extend to all churches of the city, sabbath and court the invitation to unite in this prayer for him whom we delight to honor.

After the adoption of the resolution it was specially signed by the following clergymen, many of whom are intimately acquainted with General Grant: Dr. Luk Hitchcock, Dr. R. M. Boring, Dr R. N. Hatfield, Dr John Williamson, Dr. N. H. Axtell and Rev. F. M. Bristol.

It was resolved that a copy of these resolutions be sent to his family.

A Mad Dog among School Children

CLEVELAND, March 6. About 4 o'clock this afternoon, as many children were returning from school, a large yellow cur was noticed running wildly about Lorain Street, snapping at imaginary objects in the air. Approaching a group of children, the dog dashed at Samuel Budd, aged 16 years, biting him severely on the hand. Before it was driven away it had also bitten a lad named Thomas Conway and three little girls. Passing on, the dog bit a man on the leg. The cry of "mad dog" was then raised, and a crowd collected. One man stood directly in the path of the animal, and when the dog came up caught him by the ears and held him until he was despatched. People that saw the dog say it manifested all signs of hydrophobia.

A Missing Bride.

NEW YORK, March 9.—George H. Ludington, of Beaver Falls, Conn., asked the police to-night to aid him in finding his wife. He married Miss Laura A. Hull five weeks ago. On the 28th ult. his wife left Beaver Falls to go to Syracuse, N. Y., but at Bridgeport, Conn., changed her checks for this city. Mr. Ludington has failed to find a trace of his bride since that date.

Dr. Burchard Retired.

NEW YORK, March 9.—The committee on the Murray Hill church reported to the New York presbytery to-day that they had proposed to retire Rev. Dr. Burchard as pastor Emeritus on a salary of $5,000 a year, to make room for a younger and more energetic pastor, and that both Dr. Burchard and the congregation of the Murray Hill church had accepted the proposition.

Desperate Strikers.

SEDALIA, Mo., March 10.—Men in great numbers are about the railroad offices, defiant and positive in their position. Adjutant General Jamison is here in consultation with citizens and strikers. Not a car of freight has moved to-day and there is no likelihood of any being moved. Business is about at a standstill and the outlook is gloomy. No riotous demonstrations, however, have been made and the strikers, though determined, have manifested no disposition to destroy property. The strikers are embittered because thirty Pinkerton detectives have arrived in the employ of the company. A rumor that the militia are coming aggravates the situation.

There are now seventy engines in the roundhouse and yards here which have been filled by strikers and over ten miles of loaded freight cars on side tracks. No. 1 passenger trains have been stopped, but no passengers have arrived here from west of Kansas City or south of Parsons, Kansas, since Sunday.

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., March 10.—In the legislature a resolution was unanimously adopted expressing sympathy for the Wabash railway strikers. In the senate a bill was introduced to prevent pooling by the railways of the state.

Our Legislature Meets.

HARRISBURG, Pa., March 9.—The legislature reassembled this evening, both houses meeting at 9 o'clock. The only business in the senate was the first reading of a dozen bills. In the house the resolution that the speaker of the house be requested to announce to General Grant his congratulations upon his restoration to the military rank which he laid down to become the civil head of the nation, and its trust and hope that a kind Providence will long preserve his life to a grateful republic was adopted unanimously. A resolution heartily commending "The patriotic efforts of Hon. Samuel J Randall wherby the passage of the bill retiring General Grant on the army roll was secured and a long delayed act of justice done to the great chieftain of the age," was also adopted unanimously. Mr. Vodges offered a resolution to place the underground telegraph wire bill on the calendar. Laid over. Bills on first reading occupied the remainder of the evening. Adjourned.

Senator Lamar's Successor.

JACKSON, Miss., March 8.—Gen. Edward C. Walthall has been tendered and has accepted the appointment as United States Senator for Mississippi to succeed the Hon. L. Q. C. Lamar. His commission will be issued to-morrow. Gen. Walthall is a leading lawyer of this State, and has a large following of devoted friends. His relations with Secretary Lamar are of the most intimate character. He is a native of Richmond, Va., but has spent most of his life in Mississippi. The only civil office ever held by him was that of District Attorney. Entering the Confederate army as a private, he was rapidly promoted, and at the conclusion of the war was the commander of a division, with the rank of Major-General, having held with distinction nearly all preceding positions. He starts for Washington to-morrow night.

The Power of Nitro-Glycerine.

BRADFORD, Pa., March 10.—At the nitro-glycerine manufactory of the Rock Glycerine company, three miles away, a magazine containing 6 000 pounds of glycerine exploded to-day and W. H. Herrington, one of the proprietors, and H. O. Pratt, an employe, were killed. A factory twenty-five feet away was blown into fragments. Pratt's body was found 200 feet away. All his bones were broken but his skin was intact. Herrington weighed 190 pounds. One or two pieces of flesh was the only trace that could be found of him. Trees were torn up by the roots and great holes were made in the earth. Loss, $5,000.

The New Temperance Bill in Kansas.

TOPEKA, Kan., March 9. Governor Martin has signed the new temperance bill, which contains a provision investing the county attorney with all the power of a grand jury, whereby citizens are required to appear before him and testify on oath in regard to their knowledge of the purchase and sale of liquor. Upon refusal to do so the county attorney can commit them for contempt. He becomes both the judge and prosecuting attorney, and is allowed a fee of $25 for each conviction. The provision is unequaled in its stringency, and excites the bitterest opposition of the anti-Prohibitionists.

Earthquake Shock at Lancaster.

LANCASTER, March 9.—A heavy rumbling, supposed to have been an earthquake shock, was distinctly felt in this city and county last evening shortly after eight o'clock. Buildings were shaken, and in some instances plates were shaken from stoves. In several instances services which were going on in various churches were suspended until the sensation subsided.

Colonel Vilas' Sister Dying.

MADISON, Wis., March 6.—It is stated here to day that Colonel Vilas did not receive notice of his Cabinet appointment until an hour or two before his departure for Washington. He is expected at once, as his sister Etta, nineteen years of age, is at the point of death.

A Strike Impending.

LONDON, March 9.—A strike of 35,000 miners against a reduction of 10 per cent in wages is impending at Rotherham. If, as is expected, the South Stafford miners join the strike the total number of miners idle will be 55,000.

ADDITIONAL LOCAL NEWS

Why Publish That Protest?

MR. EDITOR: In a recent issue appeared preamble and resolution adopted by Progress Grange which are detrimental and dangerous in their influence, if believed, to the interest of State College and Centre County particularly, and to the educational and industrial classes of our State. But let us remember the source from whence they proceeded, known to be weak and insignificant. A subordinate grange at Centre Hall resolved against a certain bill pending in our legislature, the object of which is to get an appropriation of money to build an agricultural experimental station at or on the grounds of Pennsylvania Agricultural College. This grange appears to follow the dictates of an individual at a distance. The aforesaid dictator is not noted for his good judgment in educational matters, but is ambitious and cunning politically as a granger. So much for the preamble and "whereas" of the resolution adopted.

I say it is very easy to know the originator of all this opposition—a bitter enemy to the College in time past. Surely, the head goes first and the tail end follows. They have been co-operating in the past very much to the disadvantage of the body or order, and in the future may affect injuriously the entire organization. Even then he may not be able to establish another Farmers' High School, as appears to be the object of the opposition, and in which he has tried and failed. I do believe, as all intelligent Grangers do know, that not one-fourth of their members in Centre county are opposed to said bill or the interest of State College. Nor do I think it possible that any member of the State Legislature from Centre county dare vote against so important a measure, or dare defeat the building of an Agricultural Experimental Station in Centre county. It is greatly to the interest of farmers particularly and all citizens in all parts of our State. If the Representatives at Harrisburg vote against it they will vote against the interests of their constituents. I do know and the people know why a granger in good standing should come out against such a resolution as was adopted at a Grange meeting in Centre Hall. Most all intelligent grangers are in favor of an Experimental Station at State College.

Your remarks, Mr. Editor, following the resolution, were, we think, as good patrons, very appropriate, and we feel quite as much astonished to think that an organization of farmers in Centre county would oppose the legislature appropriating money for the good of the farmers and others. I wonder that the bill did not ask for the sale of the eastern and western farms by the State and the interest to be applied to the Agricultural Experimental Station. I think that part of the bill is generally satisfactory, unless it might be objected to by the head and tail ends of the Grange, who have been opposing every interest favorable to the State College. They have a plan of their own to run and equip that industrial school.

OBSERVER.

Passing Events in Stormstown.

STORMSTOWN, March 10, 1885.

The snow is gradually disappearing.

Mr. John Wilson, our enterprising farmer, is preparing to saw up the logs brought to him by his neighbor farmers. It is no small undertaking.

We are very much pleased with the fact that a wedding occurred last week, the contracting parties being Miss Elizabeth Ellenberger and Mr. Wilson Ebbs, two popular young people, both of Half Moon. Rev. G. Bouse united the link. Our wish is that they may live long and happily.

The G. A. R. post, of this place, gave a supper one night last week which consisted of chickens, waffles and oysters. We did not learn the amount of the proceeds.

Mr. Pierpoint had to give the boilermakers of Williamsport a call last week because of one of the boilers giving out. He is now shipping four or five cars of ore a day with one washer. He expects to more than double that when the weather is favorable, and he will doubtless do so as he never fails in anything he undertakes.

Mr. Henry Brindle started to Scotia the other day with his wife and child. He meant to go all the way in his sleigh, but an obstruction about the size of a five-foot snow drift necessitated Mrs. B. to shoulder the boy and carry him about a mile.

Harman Harms met with an accident last week which resulted in a bruised knee and a sprained ankle.

A very fine lecture was given the people of Stormstown last night by a gentleman named Brittin.

R. J. P. Gray drives a beautiful span of spirited horses.

Postmaster General Vilas need not go to the trouble of changing our postmistress, as she, though a staunch democrat, was retained during republican rule. Wonder if the present administration can be equally liberal. Everybody here favors her continuance in the office.

COB.

A Good Article.

We cheerfully recommend to the readers of the REPUBLICAN *Crosby's Vitalized Phos-Phites or Brain Food* for weary brain-workers and all suffering from indigestion. We are sure it is all it claims to be. Some of our friends have tried it and speak in the highest terms of praise of its health invigorating qualities. It is a standard preparation, recommended by good physicians, therefore it is no experiment. We write this notice, not for pay, but at the request of a sufferer who has been relieved by its use—a friend in whom we have confidence. Read their full-column advertisement on the fifth page of the REPUBLICAN. Again we assure you it is all it claims to be. Ask your druggist for it and take our word for it you will be benefitted by its use.

ED. REP.

—Mr. Samuel Marsh, of this city, says the Lock Haven *Express*, recently sold to Bond Bros. & Co., of Port Deposit, Md., eleven thousand acres of valuable timber land to Messrs. C R. Noyes and James E. Robbins, of Westport, for $22,000. The land is situate in Chapman and Noyes townships, this county, between Bakers Boggs' Run. It is estimated that there is 6,000,000 feet of white pine, 12,000,000 feet of hemlock and a large amount of oak timber and railroad ties, together with 2,000 car loads of mine prop timber on the land.

—One Bellefonte lawyer brought suit against another before 'Squire Rankin on Tuesday for the sum of $3. He gained the money. We don't wonder much that lawyers quarrel over a small sum of money, but what will they do in this case when they come to collect their fee? What if they should each consider their efforts worth $50? Who will pay the fee and who will gain by the operation? The question perplexes us so much that we give it up.

Business Notices and Other Items.

Our Spring Stock of WOOLENS now complete. Bottom prices. Leave your order to-day.

16 36 MONTGOMERY & Co., Tailors.

—Representative Gates, of Cambria county, is incubating a bill to regulate under certain penalties, the candle power of gas furnished by incorporated companies in this State, and promises to introduce it at an early day. If a majority of the Representatives and Senators are as open as Gates to the importance of such a measure it will doubtless go through with a rush.

—See a woman in another column, near Speer's Vineyards picking grapes from which Speer's Port Grape Wine is made, that is so highly esteemed by the medical profession, for the use of invalids, weakly persons and the aged. Sold by druggists. 16 30 1y

—A Lock Haven school mistress, in trying to instruct a pupil in the alphabet on Monday, said: "Tell me, Ethel; what letter comes after H?" "Ethel answered: "I don't know?" "What have I got by the side of my nose?" said the teacher endeavoring to suggest the answer to the child. "Some white powder," innocently answered Ethel.

The Use of Iodoform or Mercurials in the treatment of catarrh—whether in the form of suppositories or ointments—should be avoided, as they are both injurious and dangerous. Iodoform is easily detected by its offensive odor. The only reliable catarrh remedy on the market to day is Ely's Cream Balm, being free from all poisonous drugs. It has cured thousands of cronic and acute cases, where all other remedies have failed. A particle is applied to each nostril; no pain; agreeable to use. Price fifty cents, of druggists. 17 7 4t

—A hotel is to be built in Pittsburg, Pa., seven stories high, with the kitchen on the top floor, and electric fire escapes in every room. The escape is to be operated from the office. By touching a button there every guest is simultaneously aroused, every window thrown open, and a flexible ladder loosened that reaches to the ground. At least, the above is what an imaginative exchange informs its readers.

Biliousness.

Is very prevalent at this season, the symptoms being bitter taste, breath offensive, tongue coated, sick headache, drowsiness, dizziness, loss of appetite. If this condition is allowed to continue, serious consequences may follow. By promptly taking Hood's Sarsaparilla, a fever may be avoided or premature death prevented. It is a positive cure for biliousness. Sold by all druggists.

EDITOR'S TABLE.

Among the many magazines that come to our table there is none we prize more highly than the *Century*. It is always filled with the choicest reading matter tastefully illustrated. It is exactly suited to the varied tastes of all, being perused with interest by old and young. Its articles are instructive as well as fascinating, thereby imparting a desire for a constant perusal of such literature, and also greatly benefitting the reader. We take pleasure in commending it to the public as one of the best periodicals extant. Without it our table would be very incomplete. Published by Century Pub. Co., New York.

"Give honor to whom honor is due." To do this we must assign the Philadelphia *Weekly Press* a place among the foremost publications in America. With its numerous and eminent contributors, its able and competent editorial staff, its many and brilliant reporters, it promises fair to outrival even the leading magazines in their own field. It gives all the news, helps the women, helps the farmer, gives valuable hints to the mechanic, and presents such literature as all delight to read. The Press, Philadelphia, Pa.

For a good, reliable newspaper the Pittsburg *Dispatch* figures conspicuously on the role of newspapers. It always comes to our table on time, gives the latest news, both foreign and domestic, and through its columns seeks to advance the interests of the American people. As proof of its prosperity its large circulation will convey to the public an idea of its greatness. Dispatch Pub. Co., Pittsburg, Pa.

We are in receipt of the February issue of the *Printers' Circular* and pronounce it a very welcome visitor. Besides giving advertisements of printers' supplies, etc., it contains a great deal of valuable news of the press, much valuable information for printers, and, in brief, is just the thing to come to every editor's table. Published by R. S. Menamin Philadelphia.

Sales.

MONDAY, MARCH 16—In Pennsvalley, near the Centre Hall depot, by John Gingerich, at 11 o'clock a. m., horses, cows, farming implements, etc.

WEDNESDAY, March 11.—The executors of Joseph Baker deceased, will sell at his late residence in College township personal property, consisting of horses, cow, farm implements, household furniture, etc. Sale at 1:30 o'clock p. m.

WEDNESDAY, March 18.—On the Loeb farm, near Boiling Spring, at 10 o'clock a. m., by Eli Baney, personal property, consisting of horses, cattle, farming implements, etc.

WEDNESDAY, March 25.—By John Hoy at his residence on the Jacksonville road, two miles east of Bellefonte, at 10 o'clock a. m., horses, cattle and farm implements.

THURSDAY, March 26.—In Patton township, on road leading to Stormstown near Gray's church, at 12 o'clock m., by Thomas Pennington, live stock, farm implements and household furniture.

Bellefonte Markets.

BELLEFONTE, March 11, 1885.

Red Wheat, per bushel	$ 80
Mixed Wheat	75
Buckwheat	50
Rye per bushel	60
Corn (shelled)	45
Oats	32
Cloverseed, fair to good	$4 00
do prime to extra prime	4 50
do choice	5 00
Flour, retail, per barrel	4 80
Flour, wholesale	4 00

HAY AND STRAW.

Hay, choice timothy, per ton	$12 00
Hay, mixed, per ton	8 00
Long rye straw, bundled, per ton	10 00
Short straw per ton	6 00@8 00

Provision Market.

Corrected by Valentines Store Co., "Limited."

Apples, dried, per pound	8
Cherries, dried, per pound, seeded	12
Beans per quart	8
Fresh butter per pound	25
Chickens per piece	25
Cheese per pound	14 to 15
Country hams per pound	14
Hams, sugar cured	16
Country Bacon	11
Lard per pound	10
Eggs per doz	25
Potatoes (new), per bushel	40
Dried beef	20
Wilson's pressed beef per pound	20
Canned tomatoes per can	10—12½—15
Canned corn "	10—12½—40
Lemons per doz	25
Dried sweet corn per pound	07

Royal Baking Powder.

ROYAL

BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure.

This powder never varies. A marvel of purity, strength and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kinds, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of low test, short weight, alum or phosphate powders. *Sold only in cans.* ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 106 Wall street, N. Y. 16 0 1y

New Advertisements.

C. O. D.

This is generally accepted to mean "Collect on Delivery," but in this instance it means

Call On Deschner

AT THE

Great Central Gun Works,

Water St., BELLEFONTE, PA.,

If you want to find a stock of

Guns, Revolvers, Ammunition, Fishing Tackle, Nets and Sporting Articles Generally.

GUNS AND FIREARMS REPAIRED.

SHOOTING GALLERY OPEN DAY AND EVENING. 17 10 1y

I. C. A.

In Come All

TO BUY THE CHEAPEST AND BEST

Buggies, Carriages,

PLATFORM SPRING WAGONS,

PHAETONS, HEAVY WAGONS.

SLEIGHS, &c.

Buy direct from the manufacturer and thus secure the advantage of first prices, and of getting a superior article.

All Work Guaranteed to be Done in

STRICTLY FIRST-CLASS STYLE.

Repairing done on Short Notice and at Reasonable Rates.

L. A. POTTORF,

Successor to J. R. BARTRUFF.

Water St., Near Big Spring, Bellefonte, Pa

17 3 1y

WASHINGTON is full of office seekers, and the battle for the spoils is raging. The hotel lobbies; the temporary homes of the new Cabinet officers; the office of the President's private secretary; the Departments, and every nook and corner of the city is alive with candidates and wire-pulling. The stay-overs from the inauguration are numerous and they are daily reinforced by office seekers fresh and hungry. Petitions are in circulation, indorsements are being sought, applications are being filed and schemes are being worked with a confidence that quite negatives Mr. Cleveland's published views on Civil Service Reform. They are there from the North, South, East and West and are there to stay until the policy of the administration is defined, or their exchequers are exhausted. They walk the streets and in their faces can be seen the great wolf hunger of the Democracy. The Treasury Department is the center of their attack, and Secretary Manning is regarded as the Cabinet officer who is to shoulder the responsibility of feeding the hungry and clothing the naked without sacrificing the principles of Civil Service Reform. President Cleveland has relieved himself of much annoyance by refusing to make appointment for an interview in regard to an application for office. He has announced that all such business must be carried on with the heads of Departments.

THE Oklahoma raiders are making preparations for a fresh invasion of the Territory, and this time they announce solemnly their intention to resist the United States troops. Whether they will do so or not, of course remains to be seen, but the absurd state of affairs which has put a premium on this kind of raid by withholding the means of punishing the raiders will evidently so long as it continues render the position of the United States army vexatious and humiliating. The troops are held on the frontier for the purpose of keeping the invaders out, but no sooner are they expelled than they are set at liberty, and at once proceed to repeat the operation. Clearly there is no natural termination to this muddle, and it is liable at any time to drift into serious trouble. Congress could not find time to deal with the matter, and the consequence threatens to be a series of raids all through the spring and summer, with possible bloodshed and extensive embitterment of the population in the neighboorhood of the reservation.

PRESIDENT CLEVELAND'S maiden sister is the new mistress of the White House, and on Saturday afternoon she gave her first reception. Miss Cleveland wore a Princess dress of hunters green velvet, a flouncing of Irish point lace, a bouquet of roses, and long white gloves reaching above the elbow. There was a steady stream of callers for two hours. The hostess stood in the East room where a number of her friends had gathered in groups. She simply took the hand and called the name of each visitor that was presented and then turned to receive the next.

They Protest Again.

At a meeting of Progress Grange held at Centre Hall, Pa., February 28, 1885, the following preamble and resolution were unanimously adopted:

WHEREAS, At the late session of the Court of Common Pleas of Centre county, the Court declared in favor of the erection of a new Court House; and,

WHEREAS, It is comparatively only a few years since it was rebuilt and remodeled, and is still in good condition and ample for all the necessities of the Court; therefore be it

Resolved, By the members of Progress Grange and citizens of Potter township, that we enter our protest against the assumption of so unwarrantable an action on the part of the Court at a time when every department of trade and industry is prostrated, and under the circumstances an outrage upon the labor and industries of the county, which we call upon all good citizens of the county to protest against. CARRIE E. ORMAN,

JAMES B. NEFF, *Secretary.*
Master.

Howard Briefs.

March 9, 1885.

Sleighing almost gone.

"Going a fishing" will soon be the cry.

Mr. Avery Long is holding a series of gospel meetings in the Lucas Bros hall.

Rev. Owen Hicks is attending Conference.

Debating society organized at Mt. Eagle with good success.

Mrs John McCalyen was buried in the Catholic burying ground last Saturday.

The people are rejoiced at the prospect of another railroad passing through this place. MAC.

—They say that Mr. Joe Furey is ahead in the post office race.

Our Pine Grove Mills Budget.

PINE GROVE MILLS, PA., March 9.

Snow storms and sleighing are still fashionable.

Major Ross and wife are both slowly improving in health.

Pro honotary Brett gave our village a call this morning. He still looks natural regardless of political dignity, and has a pleasant smile for every one.

Rev. Mr. Elliot, of the M. E. church, has gone to attend conference, which meets at Huntingdon this week. He has labored very successfully and acceptably on this charge during the past year and his many friends are anxious to have him returned as their pastor.

Rev. A K. Felton, of Stavestown, Somerset Co., Pa., who has accepted a call as pastor of the Lutheran congregation at this place, expects to occupy the charge about the 18th inst. He takes the place of Rev. J. A. Koser, who lately removed to Northumberland.

Mr. G. W. Ward, teacher of the Branch School, intends entertaining the patrons of his school with an exhibition, in about three weeks from this date. It will no doubt be a success, as Mr. Ward is an energetic and capable young man and generally carries through successfully what he undertakes.

On last Monday morning Mr. Ed. Bubb, our worthy shoemaker, in company with Miss Agnes Dunlap, left for Bellefonte, ostensibly on business. He did not return, however, until Tuesday evening, when he made his appearance looking as bright as a new pin and as happy as a big sun-flower. It was not long until the secret was revealed by some one that he had been off on a wedding tour, and before the happy couple had time to fully comprehend the new order of affairs the Calithumpians appeared in full force, equipped with all the instruments necessary to make night hideous and mankind, in general, miserable, and began to serenade the newly wedded pair. On Saturday evening the Pine Grove Cornet Band, in defiance of snow and storm, made its appearance in front of Mr. Bubb's residence and began a serenade of a more musical character. They were kindly received by the happy bride and groom, treated to refreshments and after spending a pleasant evening, departed, making the air ring with music.

**

Philipsburg Again.

Editor Bair, of the *Journal*, took in the Inauguration.

We are inclined to think that the *Journal* and the *Ledger* of this place, should give the "Private Secretary" a rest.

Mr. John Lehr has been re-elected Chief of Police. It is a good choice.

Rev. J. B. Polsgrove, of the M. E. church, preached his farewell sermon yesterday (Sunday). He has been stationed here for the past three years.

A certain young lady on a certain street in this city was hugged by a Bair, the other night. Too bad.

Major Wolf, of the firm of Gray, Wolf & Co., has removed from the house of "Zack" Graham, to the one right opposite on the same street, 6th.

It is now Constable Ne son.

Miss Ida Lloyd has returned home from a visit in Tyrone.

Our coal miners complain of a "dull season" in their business.

Drummers seem to be on the increase.

Did you attend the Inauguration? is the question of the day.

The new Erb Hotel is a handsome structure. John, the handsome proprietor, is a jovial, whole-souled fellaw.

What has become of the old Philipsburg Band?

Philipsburg is blessed with three first class dairies at present.

Mr. Charley Gordon, wife and Miss Ellie Doyle, of Reynoldsville, Jefferson county, visited this city on Saturday. They had been to Washington.

The planing mill of Hoover, Hughes & Co. is now running on the eight-hour system. Better that than not running at all.

We are pleased to see Druggist Criesman able to be on his pins once again.

G. L. Towell, cigar agent from Lewistown, Mifflin Co., was hereaways on Friday last. SOME ONE.

—On Wednesday we looked in at the managing editor, the pretty girls, the electric lights, the large, wide windows and other attractions in the three rooms occupied by the *Centre Democrat*. We must admit that in the tremendous work of moving a printing office and issuing a paper all in one week the manager has shown that there is no undertaking of which he is not capable.

—We understand that Mr. Joseph Wortz a respected citizen of this county, was accompanied by Sheriff Walker to the Asylum to-day. We regret that this was found necessary and hope the treatment there will benefit the sufferer.

Marble Works.

S. A. STOVER,

DEALER IN ALL KINDS OF

Marble and Granite **Monuments, Tombstones,** BURIAL VAULTS, Etc. Hundreds of Designs to select from.

Tubular Galvanized & Wrought Iron **FENCING** for Cemetery Lots, Agent for Enameled and Marbelized *SLATE MANTELS*, FINE GRATES, FURNITURE TOPS, Etc.

SPECIAL INDUCEMENTS OFFERED FOR THE YEAR 1885.
ALL WORK GUARANTEED TO GIVE SATISFACTION.
PRICES LOWER THAN IN LARGE CITIES.

16-28tf

—This (Thursday) evening the ladies of the W. C. T. U. will entertain their friends in Y. M. C. A. hall. It will be exactly the sort of entertainment that people like. It will not begin and end in a dry temperance lecture, but to tempt the appetite the ladies will serve turkey prepared in the most appetizing and attractive way. Accompanying this always welcome viand will be ice cream and cake. The visitor to the hall can partake of all or part of these as he chooses. The price will be reasonable and as the ladies want the receipts to be generous they have made abundant preparations for a large supply. Such delectable turkey, cake and ice cream were never before known. You have often said that these ladies are doing a noble work; now prove this by attending the supper from 5 o'clock until 10.

—Four months ago last Tuesday Mr. and Mrs. Aaron Williams started on their wedding tour and during their absence they traveled more than 4,000 miles. It is supposed that after such an extended tour they will be willing to settle down and remain in Bellefonte for a long time. We understand that Mr. Williams expects to either purchase or build a residence in which to reside permanently.

IT is ex-President Arthur now. He makes the *second* living ex-President.—*Watchman*. The *Watchman* should be sufficiently well versed in arithmetic to count three and know that Arthur is the *third*.

—Many of our readers are preparing to "flit."

First Class in Geography.

New York School Teacher: "Which is the highest mountain in our State?"

Boy: "Sing Sing."

Teacher: "Why?"

Boy: "Father went up a year ago, and hasn't come down yet."—*Boston Beacon*.

It is said that when the left ear "burns" somebody is talking ill about you; and you may have noticed that the left ear burns about ninety per cent. oftener than the right ear.

Miscellaneous.

PURE BLOOD IS THE ABSOLUTE NECESSITY OF HEALTH.

THE marvellous results of HOOD'S SARSAPARILLA upon all humors and low conditions of the blood (as proven by the cures effected) proves it the best BLOOD MEDICINE. Such has been the success of this article at home that nearly every family in whole neighborhoods have been taking it at the same time. It eradicates scrofula, vitalizes and enriches the blood, thereby restoring and renovating the whole system. HOOD'S SARSAPARILLA purifies the blood. Hood's SARSAPARILLA cures dyspepsia. Hood's SARSAPARILLA cures biliousness. A peculiar point in Hood's SARSAPARILLA is that it builds up and strengthens the system, while it eradicates disease, and as nature's great assistant proves itself invaluable as a protection from diseases that originate in changes of the seasons, of climate and of life.

HOOD'S SARSAPARILLA

SCROFULA.

135 HOWARD STREET, LOWELL, MASS., Jan. 17.

MESSRS. C. I. HOOD & CO.: Gentlemen—I have used HOOD'S SARSAPARILLA in my family for scrofulous humor with wonderful success, and am happy to tell you that it is the best medicine we ever used. I do sincerely advise any one who is troubled with scrofula to give this valuable remedy a trial, and assure them they will not be disappointed. Very truly yours,
(Coburn Shuttle Co.) C. C. PICKERING.

HOOD'S SARSAPARILLA is sold by all Druggists. Price $1 per bottle; six for $5. Prepared by C. I. HOOD & CO., Lowell, Mass.

16 14 1y

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.—In the Orphans' Court of Centre county.

In the matter of the estate of Ann Cathcart, deceased. The auditor appointed by the Court to hear and pass upon the exceptions to the account of the executor and make distribution of the balance in his hands among those legally entitled thereto, will meet the parties interested, for the purpose of his appointment, on Monday, the 23d day of March, A. D. 885, at 1 o'clock p. m., at his office in Bellefonte.

17 8 3t S. D. GRAY, *Auditor.*

A BIG OFFER! To introduce them we are going to give away 1,000 Self-Operating Washing Machines. If you want one send us your name, address and express office at once. It is a great labor-saving invention. Address NATIONAL CO., 25 Dey. St., N. Y. 9 41

EXECUTORS' NOTICE.—Letters testamentary upon the estate of Mary Wasson, deceased, late of College township, having been granted to the undersigned, they request all persons knowing themselves to be indebted to said estate to make prompt payment, and those having claims against the same to present them duly authenticated for settlement.

THOMAS DALE,
ANNIE E. WILLIAMS, } Executors.
Lemont, Pa., Feb'y 18th, 1885. 17 8 6t

Miscellaneous.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.—In the Orphans' Court of Centre county.

Estate of Felix Mullen, dec'd.—Notice is hereby given that the undersigned auditor appointed by said Court to hear and determine the exceptions filed to the account of A. Brockerhoff, administrator of, &c., of said decedent, and report distribution, will meet the parties in interest at his office in Bellefonte on Tuesday, the 31st day of March, A. D. 1885, at 10 o'clock a. m., when and where all persons interested are requested to attend.

17 9 3t WILBUR F. REEDER, *Auditor.*

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.—Estate of Ann P. Lyon.

Letters of administration, with the will annexed, upon the estate of Mrs. Ann P Lyon, late of the borough of Bellefonte, Pa., dec'd, having been granted to me by the register of Centre county, all persons having claims against said estate will present the same, duly probated, for settlement, and all persons indebted to said estate will please make payment to the undersigned.

S. S. LYON, *Administrator.*
Bellefonte, Pa., Jan 2, 1885. 17 6t

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.—In the Orphans' Court of Centre county.

In the matter of the estate of John Shope, late of Boggs township, deceased. The undersigned, an auditor appointed by said court to make distribution of the funds in the hands of James F Weaver, trustee for sale of real estate of said decedent as per his account filed, and ascertain, if any, what debts were liens against the real estate of said decedent and entitled to payment out of the proceeds thereof, will meet the parties in interest at his office in the borough of Bellefonte, for the purposes of his appointment on Friday, March 20, A. D. 1885, at 10 o'clock a. m. of said day.

17 8 3t JNO. G. LOVE, *Auditor.*

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.—In the Orphans' Court of Centre county.

Estate of David Etters, deceased. The undersigned, an auditor appointed by said Court to make distribution of the balance in the hands of the administrator to and among those legally entitled thereto, will attend to the duties of his appointment at his office in the borough of Bellefonte on Saturday, the 14th day of March, A. D. 1885, at 10 o'clock a. m. Parties interested will please attend.

11 5 3t JOHN KLINE, *Auditor.*

FOR SALE!

A tract of timber land, known as the John Brown tract, containing 400 acres and allowance, situated in Jackson township, Huntingdon county, near Monroe Furnace, and within about five miles of Pine Grove Mills. For further particulars inquire of

J. W. BRACKEN,
Adm'r Est. of J. McCracken, dec'd,
17 8 3t Hollidaysburg, Pa.

SPRING SESSION OF
STONE VALLEY ACADEMY
BEGINS
TUESDAY, MARCH 31.

TUITION FOR 13 WEEKS.

Common Branches	$7.00
Higher Branches	8.50
Instrumental Music (extra)	8.00
" " when taken alone	10.00
Boarding in private families, everything found, per week	2.50

SCHOOL CHARTERED WITH COLLEGIATE POWERS.

For full particulars address the principal,

SAM'L DODDS,
McALEVY'S FORT,
17 9 2t Huntingdon Co., Pa.

Pine Grove Academy

Spring Term Opens April 20, 1885.

College Preparatory and Normal Department.

TERMS REASONABLE.

For particulars address

THOS. C. HOUTZ, A. B., *Principal,*
PINE GROVE MILLS, PA.
feb18d4-2m

China Hall!

REMOVAL.

W. H. WILKINSON,

AGENT FOR JOHN WANNAMAKER,
HAS REMOVED TO STORE ROOM IN
CENTRE COUNTY BANK BUILDING.

Constantly in stock a full assortment of

China, Granite,
C. C. YELLOW-WARE,
—AND—
TABLE GLASS,
—AT—
Lowest City Prices.

17-7 4t

Medical

Health AND *Vigor*

—FOR THE—

BRAIN

—AND—

Nervous System.

CROSBY'S

VITALIZED

PHOS-PHITES,

Composed of the Nerve-giving principles of the Ox-Brain and the Embryo of the Wheat and Oat.

This is a standard preparation with all physicians who treat mental or nervous disorders. The formula is on every label. Its chemical composition is superintended by a Professor of Chemistry.

As it is identical in its composition with brain-matter, it is rapidly absorbed, and quickly relieves the depression from intellectual effort, fatigue, loss of memory, or mental irritability.

Sleeplessness, irritation, nervous exhaustion, inability to work or study, is but a brain-hunger—in urgent cases, brain starvation. This brain nutriment quickly feeds the hungry nerves and restores brain power. It is a cure for nervous disorders and debility in old or young.

Brain-Workers Need Brain-Food.

Crosby's Vitalized Phos-phites Should be Taken as a Special Brain Food.

TO BUILD UP WORN-OUT NERVES, to banish sleeplessness, neuralgia and sick headache. I have not had a severe headache since I began its use. It was my great trouble before.—*Dr. Guyon.*

TO PROMOTE good digestion.—*Dr. Filmore.*

TO "STAMP OUT" consumption.—*Dr. Churchill.*

TO "COMPLETELY cure night sweats."—*John B. Quigly.*

TO MAINTAIN the capabilities of the brain and nerves to perform all functions even at the highest tension.—*Ed. Treasure Trove.*

TO RESTORE the energy lost by nervousness, debility, overexertion or enervated vital powers.—*Dr. W S Wells.*

TO REPAIR the nerves that have been enfeebled by worry, depression, anxiety or deep grief.—*Miss Mary Rankin.*

TO STRENGTHEN the intellect so that study and deep mental application may be a pleasure and not a trial.—*B M. Cook.*

TO DEVELOP good teeth, glossy hair, clear skin, handsome nails in the young, so that they may be an inheritance in later years.—*Editor School Journal.*

TO ENLARGE the capabilities for enjoyment.—*National Journal of Education.*

TO "MAKE life a pleasure," "not a daily suffering." "I really urge you to put it to the test."—*Miss Emily Faithfull.*

TO AMPLIFY bodily and mental power to the present generation and "prove the survival of the fittest" to the next.—*Bismarck.*

TO RESTORE lost powers and abilities.—*Dr. Bull.*

THERE is no other VITAL PHOS-PHITE, none that is extracted from living animal and vegetable tissues.—*Dr. Chapin.*

F. CROSBY CO.,

56 West 25th Street, New York.

For sale by Druggists; or by Mail in P. O. Order, Bill or Postage Stamps, $1.

46 46 1y

S. & A. Loeb.

1000

Men's, Youth's, Boys' and Children's

SUITS

Of the Celebrated

Rochester Make

Just received and put in stock for

Fall and Winter

SALES.

These goods are in every particular equal to any custom made garments, and at much lower prices, and

Superior in Quality.

Superior in Workmanship.

Superior in Trimmings.

Superior in Linings.

Superior in Fit,

To any other Ready Made Clothing sold in Centre county, and at equally low prices to any other.

5000 Pairs

—OF—

Men's, Boys,' Ladies,' Misses' and Children's

SHOES

of the most celebrated makes, of acknowledged superiority in quality and workmanship.

Prices Always the Lowest.

S. & A. LOEB.

Bellefonte Republican.

EDWARD T. TUTEN, - - Editor

Terms, $2.00 per annum in Advance

LATEST TELEGRAPHIC NEWS

Washington Waifs.

WASHINGTON, March 4.—Pennsylvania avenue, in its whole length, from the Treasury and Fifteenth street, is a solid block of surging humanity. The weather is fine and the sun shines out beautifully. About 10 o'clock Senators Ransom, of North Carolina, and Sherman, of Ohio, proceeded to the Arlington House, where they met President Cleveland for the purpose of escorting him to the Capitol. Senator Hawley, of Connecticut, went to Willard's Hotel for Vice President Thomas A. Hendricks, all accompanied with a strong body of mounted police guards.

At 11 o'clock President Arthur arrived at the Arlington Hotel and the entire party proceeded to the capitol under escort. The avenue was alive with people. The first division of the parade consisted of the marine corps of the regular army and the District of Columbia militia.

At 11:50 o'clock the oath of office was administered to Vice President Thomas A. Hendricks in the Senate Chamber.

The Senate was then organized, after which the oath was administered to Cleveland by Chief Justice Waite, in the stand at the east front of the capitol.

The newly elected President then delivered his inaugural address, occupying almost one-half hour, after which the monster procession moved up Pennsylvania avenue for the Review at the White House. The crowd is said to be the greatest ever seen in the history of Washington City.

Baltimore alone sent 30,000 people to join in the general rejoicing.

Last night Senator Randall was enthusiastically serenaded by a very large crowd, and he was compelled to come out and make a speech.

The brilliant finale of the inauguration ceremonies was the ball to-night. It put the cap sheaf of gaiety on the more formal and serious, though grand, ceremonial which preceded it. Beauty lent its aid to crown the triumph of the incoming administration and amid the light festivities of the ball room the celebration of the day came to a close.

It was half-past 10 o'clock when President Cleveland arrived at the ball room. He was immediately escorted to the president's room where for half an hour he held a formal reception, the members of the reception committee and a small number of distinguished persons being presented to him. The president was accompanied by Miss Cleveland and Mrs. Hoyt, his sister; and by his brother, Rev. W. N. Cleveland and wife and their two sons; Mr. Hastings, his nephew; Miss Hastings, Miss Nellie Yeamans and Miss Annie Yeamans, Mr. and Mrs. Bacon, the president's brother-in-law and wife, of Toledo, and Colonel and Mrs. Lamont.

The only events of the Senate proceedings which were not upon the programme were the out-bursts of applause which greeted the announcement of the passage of the Grant retirement bill and the reception of the president's message nominating General Grant to the newly created vacancy, the applause which was hearty and prolonged was not suppressed by Mr. Edmunds.

[President Cleveland's inaugural address was brief and very noncommittal. It is a homily on the constitution without any outline of a proposed policy. The DAILY NEWS will give space to it in Firday's issue, that our readers may judge for themselves.]

The Cabinet Announced.

WASHINGTON, March 5.—President Cleveland has sent to the senate the following nominations:

Secretary of State, Thomas F. Bayard, of Delaware.

Secretary of the Treasury, Daniel Manning, of New York.

Secretary of War, William C. Endicott, of Massachusetts.

Secretary of the Navy, William C. Whitney, of New York.

Secretary of the Interior, L. Q. C. Lamar, of Mississippi.

Postmaster General, William F. Vilas, of Wisconsin.

Attorney General, A. H. Garland, of Arkansas.

When the galleries had been cleared and the doors closed, the message of the president making cabinet nominations was read by the clerk and Mr. Cockrell asked unanimous consent that the nominations of Bayard, Lamar and Garland be acted on at once as an act of courtesy to the gentlemen who had been so long and conspicuously connected with the senate. Mr Riddleberger objected to the present consideration of the nomination of Bayard, which under the rules of the senate had the effect to carry the matter over for one day. Mr. Cockrell's request with respect to Senators Lamar and Garland was thereupon withdrawn. Mr. Riddleberger in a brief speech, to which there was no reply, said that his objections to Mr. Bayard were not a personal nature, but were due to his attitude on the dynamite question. He thought Bayard more English than American in his sympathies.

All the gentlemen whose names were sent to the senate to-day by President Cleveland to be members of his cabinet, called on the president this evening.

General Grant's Condition.

NEW YORK, March 5.—Dr. Douglass said last night: "General Grant has had a red letter day for him. He has eaten heartily, has been out riding, and seems considerably improved. The condition of his throat is no better, however, and the progress of the disease has not been checked."

Strike of the Wabash Employees.

ST LOUIS, March 5.—Nearly a hundred yardmen of the Wabash Railroad struck this morning against the ten per cent. cut in wages recently made. Committees were appointed to wait on the men at the Summit avenue and the North Market street yards for the purpose of gaining their co-operation. At 2 p. m. the Missouri Pacific men secretly decided to quit to-morrow unless the order making the reduction is rescinded. This will cause at least 2,500 men to go out, which will very materially interfere with traffic. A secret meeting of the Missouri Pacific men was held to-night to take further action as to to-morrow's programme.

FORT WAYNE, March 5.—At noon to-day one hundred men employed in the Wabash, St. Louis and Pacific Railroad shops in this city struck against the recent reduction of 10 per cent. in wages, and they are holding a meeting this afternoon to organize a plan of action. Only a few carpenters are working. It is expected that they will join the strike to-night.

PALESTINE, March 5.—The strikers on the Texas and Pacific road to-day stopped all freight trains here and none are moving. The engineers appear to be in sympathy with the strikers, and leave their engines at the request of the leaders. It is generally believed that passengers trains will be stopped when the time suitable to engineers and strikers arrives.

LONGVIEW, March 5.—Orders were received at the Texas Pacific offices here to suspend all clerks and laborers, except yard engineers and brakemen. The yard is full of freight and cattle trains. The strikers say they will cut off all trains to-morrow, but will allow the mail coaches to go unmolested.

Long-Distance Telephones.

BOSTON, March 4.—A hearing at the State House to-day, on a petition of the Bell Telephone Company for permission to increase its capital of $30,000,000, brought out some interesting facts regarding telephone development. George A. Bruce, counsel for the company, said:

"The present district exchange system of telephoning is good for local purposes, but it is now desired to perfect a more general system, analogous to the telegraph system, whereby a person in Boston, for instance, can obtain direct telephonic connection with one in Chicago or Cincinnati, and it is simply for the protection of this through system of long-distance telephoning that the increase of capital is desired. The recent investigations of Professors Bell and Blake have resulted in discoveries that make such communications as easy as present communication between Cambridge and Boston, and there is reason to believe that it will soon be easy to communicate by telephone across the Atlantic. The company has resolved to build a long-distance system between Boston, New York, Baltimore, Philadelphia, Springfield, Albany, Buffalo, Chicago, Cincinnati, St. Louis and other principal cities, this first skeleton of the new plan to be 5,060 miles long, with 247,720 miles of single copper wire, and to cost at the inside $13,500,000. If such a system is worth having, the company must be allowed enough capital to do the work."

Prince of Wales' Tour of Ireland

LONDON, March 4.—Extensive preparations are making throughout the North of Ireland to welcome the Prince and Princess of Wales. Lord Mayor O'Connor, of Dublin, has written a letter stating that by his declaration at Phœnix Park meeting on Sunday last that he would haul down the flag on the Mansion House, the moment the Prince of Wales landed at Kingston, he meant to indicate that strained relations of Earl Spencer, Lord Lieutenant and the Nationalists would prevent the offering of municipal hospitality to the Prince of Wales, while he was the guest of Earl Spencer. The Lord Mayor regrets he was misunderstood, and says he had not the remotest intention to offer an insult to the Prince of Wales.

Religion in the School.

CHICAGO, March 3.—Judge Tuley has passed upon the case in which an injunction was sought to restrain Philip Recher, the principal of the common school at Rogers Park, from preventing Stephen F. Ennis, a Roman Catholic boy, from attending the school without participating in religious worship. The Judge held that under the laws of Illinois no form of religious worship could be compelled in the public schools. Judge Tuley ordered that the complainant call upon the directors, and if they refused to take him back, or if, after permitting him to return, they compelled him to participate in the worship, he would then consider the advisability of issuing an injunction.

The New Orleans Exposition.

NEW ORLEANS, March 4.—Andrew Jackson's birthday, has been set apart as Tennessee Day at the Exposition. A supply of fruit and a collection of minerals was received to-day from Oregon. The gate receipts yesterday were $4,676. All city papers, with one exception, favor the keeping of the Exposition open till autumn. As soon as the news of the Congressional appropriation for the Exposition was received here the management decided to take steps to attract people from all parts of the United States. Canada, Mexico and Central America.

A Steamer's Boiler Explodes.

WILMINGTON, Del., March 5.—The boiler of the steamer Wave exploded this afternoon. Neil Jessup, James Stedman and Kitty Harvey, all colored, were blown into the river and drowned. Perry Catton, the colored pilot, and Dom Myerson were badly scalded. Several other persons employed on the boat received slight injuries.

How the Grant Retirement Bill was Passed.

WASHINGTON, March 4.—In the house this morning Mr. Randall moved to suspend the rules and pass the Grant retirement bill, which was agreed to—yeas 197, nays 78. The president immediately signed the bill and sent a message to the senate nominating General Grant to the vacancy created by the bill and the nomination was unanimously confirmed. The result of the vote when announced by the speaker of the house was followed by an extraordinary scene of spontaneous enthusiasm. The republican side as well as a portion of the democrat rose as one man and gave three ringing cheers, swinging their arms and clapping their hands vigorously at the same time. The supporters of the negative maintained a gloomy silence. General Rosecrans arose and retired with a flushed and angry face. Altogether it was a striking episode and made a most dramatic close of the congress. The confirmation of Grant's appointment to the retired list of the army in open session in the senate was an unprecedented occurrence and was preceded and followed by a round of applause in which the senators, members and galleries joined.

The New Cabinet Confirmed.

WASHINGTON, March 6.—The following cabinet nominations by President Cleveland, made yesterday, were confirmed: Thomas F. Bayard, of Delaware, for secretary of state; Daniel Manning, of New York, for secretary of the treasury; William C. Endicott, of Massachusetts, for secretary of war; William C. Whitney of New York, for secretary of the navy; Lucius Q. C. Lamar, of Mississippi, for secretary of the interior; William F. Vilas, of Wisconsin, for postmaster general; August H. Garland, of Arkansas, for attorney general.

When the doors were reopened the senate adjourned until Monday.

All the cabinet nominations were confirmed without debate or division, and by a unanimous vote of the senate. No other business was done.

WASHINGTON, March 6.—The president to-day accepted the resignation of Mr. Arthur's cabinet, and signed the commissions of the new cabinet officers. They will probably enter upon the discharge of their duties to-morrow.

Gen. Beaver in the Parade.

From the Philadelphia Press Inaugural Correspondent.

General Beaver, with his crutch strapped to his saddle, was the recipient of ovations all along the line.

A political organization from Piedmont, W. Va., endeavored to make a place for itself between two of the brigades as they touched the avenue, and it looked as if they were going to break the continuity of the line by doing so. General Beaver, however, promptly rode back and made the political band stop playing and ordered them off the ground. They retired and took a position in the rear end of the procession. It took the Pennsylvania troops a little over an hour to pass the Naval Monument. Most of the regiments marched full company front, double ranks, and came down the hill with a rather quick step.

The Two Men Compared.

From the N. Y. Sun (Dem.)

The people cheered and shook their handkerchiefs, but they saved most of their praises after all for the gentleman at his left, who runs a good chance of becoming historic as the handsome President. Certainly Mr. Arthur never appeared to greater personal advantage, nor won more plaudits for manly beauty than to-day. The incoming President is a very different type of man, and the contrast between the two, as they sat side by side to-day was very striking. President Cleveland looked short when placed beside Mr. Arthur, and was quite pale, while his neighbor wore a ruddy flush. Mr. Cleveland is unbecomingly bald, and his hair and heavy moustache are a dull brown. The shape of his head is too round for beauty, and the expression of his features is heavy. His figure also is bulky, while Arthur stands like an athlete.

Pattison and Hartranft and Beaver

WASHINGTON, March 5.—This morning Governor Pattison accompanied General Hartranft and General Beaver and the staff officers in a call on the President. Mr. Cleveland seemed glad to see the Governor a second time and the party were pleasantly entertained for the best part of an hour, while the multitude poured through the reception rooms. Governor Pattison left for home at 4 o'clock and General Beaver followed him at 10 o'clock to-night.

Death of Mr. Blaine's Sister.

BALTIMORE, March 3.—Mrs. Eliza Blaine-Walker, only sister of Hon. James G. Blaine, died in this city early this morning. Her brothers, husband and daughters were with her until she died.

Ex-President Arthur.

NEW YORK, March 5.—Ex-President Arthur was to-day elected an honorary member of the chamber of commerce.

AS IF BY MAGIC.

Joseph's Oil cures cuts, wounds bruises or sprains, and all rheumatic difficulties yield at once to its soothing virtues. Sold by John Harris.

If the human intellect hath once taken a liking to any doctrine *** it draws everything into harmony with that doctrine, and to its support.

Tone up the system by taking Shedd's Little Mandrake Pills. They cure headache and regulate the blood. Sold by John Harris.

The silver question—"can you lend me a quarter?"

Knocked Out by Disease.

The most vigorous physique and adamantine endurance cannot hold out unaided against climate and other influences prejudicial to health. No one can persistently breathe vitiated or miasmatic air, eat unwholesome food, indulge in excess, or toil unceasingly, without eventually falling a prey to disease. One of the surest defensive measures against it is Hostetter's Stomach Bitters. But potent as this auxiliary to health is, it would be preposterous to expect it to maintain a sanitary condition of the system if they who seek its aid wilfully abandon every other precaution against disease, and thus thwart its operation. Sobriety, the avoidance of exciting cause, are important elements in health maintenance. A regard being had to these, a system fortified by the Bitters will be exempt from malaria, rheumatism, dyspepsia, constipation and other maladies.

How an Editor Popped.

Boston Courier.

Editors have their peculiarities as well as other people. They practice and inculate brevity, which is a virtue. They are absent-minded, which is a failing. It is not strange, then, that one should send a note to his lady-love like the following: "Dearest I have carefully analyzed the feeling I entertain for you, and the result is substantially as follows: I adore you! Will you be mine? Answer." Then after a moment of thought, he added in a dreamy, absent way; "Write only on one side of the paper. Write plainly and give real name, not necessarily for publication, but as a guarantee of good faith."

Spring Medicine.

Why does everybody take a spring medicine? For three good reasons, viz.: I—Because one bottle of a blood purifier taken at this season will do more good than two at any other. II—Because the blood is in a more impure condition than at any other season. III—Because the system is so weakened by this impure state of the blood that it has not sufficient vitality to withstand the debilitating effects of spring weather. Hence, by common consent, people seek relief in medicine. The combination of Hood's Sarsaparilla commends it to our judgment as a good spring medicine and blood purifier. Such things as Sarsaparilla, Yellow Dock, Mandrake, &c., compounded by competent druggists like Messrs. Hood & Co., warrant us in suggesting that all in need of a medicine of this kind give Hood's Sarsaparilla a trial.

A Case of Monumental Stupidity.

When I was at Washington I said to the engineer of the little building at the foot of the monument:

"You have a mighty tall chimney for such a small factory."

He silently chalked a mark on the board wall behind him.

"What's that for?" I inquired.

"You are the 176th person who has made that remark," was his answer.

Miss Emily Faithful, in the *Victoria Magazine*, says:

"CROSBY'S VITALIZED PHOSPHITES.—It is with the utmost confidence that we recommend this excellent preparation for the relief of indigestion; nay, we do more than recommend, we really urge our readers to put it to the test, for in several cases personally known to us signal benefits have been derived from its use. We have watched its effects on a young friend who has suffered from indigestion all her life. After taking the Vitalized Phosphite for a fortnight she said to us: 'I feel another person; it is a pleasure to live.' Many hard-working men and women—especially those engaged in brain work—would be saved from the fatal resort to chloral and other destructive stimulants, if they would have recourse to a remedy so simple and so efficacious." Ask your druggist for it

At the skating rink: Newcomer—"Yes, they seem to be having a good time, but don't they hurt themselves by falling so frequently? The floor is very hard." Habitue—"Yes, but the skaters are very soft."

Ruin Wrought in the Forest.

How depressing it is to see acres of trees cut down in the midst of a noble forest. How saddening it is also to see that thin spot in the midst of your otherwise abundant hair. Stop it at once by the use of Parker's Hair Balsam. For actual efficiency this famous article stands at the head of its class. Elegant for the toilet, delicious in odor, and restores the original color to gray or faded hair. Economical, as a slight, occasional application keeps the hair and scalp in perfect order.

It is always on the coldest kind of a day that your furnace gets so badly out of order that you can't start a fire. In August when the refrigerator won't work, the furnace is in the best of health.

FITS.—All Fits stopped free by Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. No Fits after first day's use. Marvelous cures. Treatise and $2.00 trial bottle free to Fit cases. Send to Dr. Kline, 931 Arch St., Phila., Pa. 16 27 1y

The Detroit *Free Press* says that "if the Fenians invade Canada we may have a new "Battle of Windsor." It looks as if the movement would end in a battle of wind, sir, anyway.

For colds, croup, asthma, bronchitis and sore throat use Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil, *and get the genuine.*

You can get a very good idea of "natural selections" in its natural workings by viewing a celery glass after it has been once around the table.

The sun shines for all, so does Shedd's Excelsior cough Syrup. Physicians recommend it. Only 25 cents a bottle. Sold by John Harris.

ADVICE TO MOTHERS.

Are you disturbed at night and broken of your rest by a sick child suffering and crying with pain of cutting teeth! If so, send at once and get a bottle of **Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for Children Teething.** Its value is incalculable. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately Depend upon it, mothers, there is no mistake about it. It cures dysentery and diarrhoea, regulates the stomach and bowels, cures wind colic, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, and gives tone and energy to the whole system. **Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for Children Teething** is pleasant to the taste, and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female nurses and physicians in the United States, and is for sale by all druggists throughout the world. Price 25 cents a bottle. may18 1y

If there is anything more sweet than a young man with black ear muffs on his ears and red mittens on his hands we desire it to be trotted out immediately, that it may receive a chromo.

NEW JERSEY PREMIUM WINE.

Physicians state that the Port Wine produced by Mr. Alfred Speer, of New Jersey, that took the premium at the Centennial, is excellent for medicinal purposes, being pure and more reliable than other port wines. Especially recommended for weakly females and the aged. The brown stone shale soil in which the grapes grow is rich in iron, this is the cause of the deep color and the blood making properties of the wine. Sold by druggists.

Dr. Dio Lewis says that tomatoes are a medicine and not a food. They used to be called love apples. Perhaps he would prescribe them for affection of the heart.

Itching Piles—Symptoms and Cure.

The symptoms are moisture, like perspiration, intense itching, increased by scratching; very distressing, particularly at night; seems as if pinworms were crawling in and about the rectum; the private parts are sometimes affected. If allowed to continue very serious results may follow. "SWAYNE'S OINTMENT" is a pleasant, sure cure. Also, for tetter, Itch, salt rheum, scald-head, erysipelas, barbers' itch, blotches, all scaly, crusty skin diseases. Box, by mail, 50 cts.; 3 for $1.25. Address, DR. SWAYNE & SON, Phila., Pa. Sold by druggists. may6 1y

Now let the winter of our discontent be made glorious summer just as soon as the Weather Bureau can get around to it. The ice houses are all filled.

My physician said I could not live, my liver out of order, frequently vomited greenish mucus, skin yellow, small dry humors on face, stomach would not retain food. Burdock Blood Bitters cured me. Mrs. Adelaide O'Brien, 372, Exchange street, Buffalo, N. Y.

A man who makes money hand over fist—the prize fighter.

Liver, Kidney or Stomach Troubles.—Symptoms: Impure blood, costive bowels, irregular appetite, sour belching, pains in side, back and heart, yellow urine, burning when urinating, clay-colored stools, bad breath, no desire for work, chills, fevers, irritability, whitish tongue, dry cough, dizzy head, with dull pain in back part, loss of memory, foggy sight. For these troubles "SWAYNE'S PILLS" are a sure cure. Box (30 pills), by mail, 25 cts., 5 for $1. Address, DR. SWAYNE & SON, Philadelphia, Pa. Sold by Druggists.

Coughs, Colds, Catarrh, Consumption.—All Throat, Breast, and Lung Affections cured by the old-established "SWAYNE'S WILD-CHERRY." The first dose gives relief, and a cure speedily follows. 25 cts., or $1.00, at Druggists.

London Hair Restorer—Great English Toilet Article. Restores growth, color, gloss, and softness. Removes Dandruff. Aristocratic families of Great Britain endorse it. Elegant dressing. Fragrantly perfumed. The favorite of fashion. At Druggists for 3s 1½d, or 75 cts. in U. S. money.

Miscellaneous.

PENNSYLVANIA

STATE COLLEGE.

Next Term Begins January 7, 1885.

This institution is located in one of the most beautiful and healthful spots of the entire Allegheny region. It is open to students of both sexes, and offers the following Courses of Study:

1. A Full Classical Course of four years.
2. A Latin Scientific course.
3. The following SPECIAL COURSES, of two years each, following the first two years of the full Scientific Course: (a) AGRICULTURE; (b) NATURAL HISTORY; (c) CHEMISTRY AND PHYSICS; (d) CIVIL ENGINEERING.
4. A short SPECIAL COURSE in Agriculture
5. A short SPECIAL COURSE in Chemistry.
6. A reorganized Course in Mechanic Arts, Combining shop-work with study.
7. A new Special Course (two years) in Literature and Science, for Young Ladies.
8. A Carefully graded Preparatory Course.
9. Special Courses are arranged to meet the wants of individual students.

Military drill is required. Expenses for board and incidentals very low. Tuition free. Young ladies under charge of a competent lady Principal.

For Catalogues, or other information, address GEO. W. ATHERTON, LL.D., President.

14-28-1f State College, Centre Co., Pa.

F. P. GREEN,

DRUGGIST,

Bush House Building, Bellefonte. Keeps constantly on hand, or orders on short notice, a full assortment of everything usually kept in a first class drug store. Particular attention given to preparing physician's prescriptions, and family receipes. 6 1 1y

$200,000 in presents given away. Send us 5 cents postage, and by mail you will get free a package of goods of large value, that will start you in work that will at once bring you in money faster than anything else in America. All about the $200,000 in presents with each box. Agents wanted everywhere, of either sex, of all ages, for all the time, or spare time only, to work for us at their own homes. Fortunes for all workers absolutely assured. Don't delay. H. HALLETT & Co., Portland, Maine. jan1 1y

Railroads.

BALD EAGLE VALLEY RAILROAD—Time Table Nov. 23, 1884.

WESTWARD	Exp A M	Mail P M
Leave Lock Haven	4 45	4 00
Flemington	4 48	4 04
Mill Hall	4 52	4 07
Beech Creek	5 01	4 21
Eagleville	5 04	4 26
Howard	5 13	4 36
Mount Eagle	5 18	4 43
Curtin	5 22	4 48
Milesburg	5 30	4 55
Bellefonte	5 40	5 05
Milesburg	5 50	5 15
Snow Shoe Int	5 53	5 19
Unionville	6 02	5 28
Julian	6 12	5 38
Martha	6 22	5 48
Port Matilda	6 29	5 50
Hannah	6 37	6 08
Fowler	6 39	6 06
Dix	6 47	6 09
Bald Eagle	6 49	6 19
Vail	6 53	6 24
Arrive at Tyrone	7 05	6 36
EASTWARD	P.M.	A.M
Leave Tyrone	7 30	8 10
East Tyrone	7 37	8 17
Vail	7 40	8 20
Bald Eagle	7 45	8 25
Dix	7 51	8 30
Fowler	7 54	8 35
Hannah	7 57	8 40
Port Matilda	8 05	8 50
Martha	8 13	9 00
Julian	8 23	9 12
Unionville	8 33	9 24
Snow Shoe Int	8 42	9 32
Milesburg	8 45	9 35
Bellefonte	8 55	9 45
Milesburg	9 05	10 00
Curtin	9 15	10 09
Mount Eagle	9 19	10 14
Howard	9 26	10 24
Eagleville	9 36	10 36
Beech Creek	9 40	10 41
Mill Ha	9 52	10 57
Flemington	9 55	11 01
Arrive at Lock Haven	10 00	11 06

BELLEFONTE & SNOW SHOE R. R.—Time Table in effect on and after Nov. 23, 1884.

Leaves Snow Shoe 4.13 a. m., arrives in Bellefonte 6.20 a m

Leaves Bellefonte 9.15 a m., arrives at Snow Shoe 1.54 a m

Leaves Snow Shoe 3.50 p m., arrives at Bellefonte 5.38 p m

Leaves Bellefonte 8.10 p m., arrives at Snow Shoe 10.40 p m

S S BLAIR, General Sup't

LEWISBURG AND TYRONE RAILROAD Time Table, Nov. 23, 1884.

WESTWARD.	Mixed. P. M.	Mixed A. M.
Leave Scotia	1 15	5 00
Fairbrook	12 40	5 20
Penn's Furnace	1 05	5 40
Hostler	1 15	5 50
Marengo	1 25	5 55
Loveville	1 30	6 00
Furnace Road	1 35	6 10
Warriors Mark	1 55	6 25
Pennington	2 12	6 40
Weston Mill	2 25	6 50
L. and T. June	2 31	6 55
Tyrone	2 35	6 58
EASTWARD.	Mixed. P. M.	Mixed A. M.
Leave Tyrone	4 30	9 20
L. & T. June	4 34	9 25
Weston Mill	4 40	9 33
Pennington	4 55	9 45
Warriors Mark	5 05	9 58
Furnace Road	5 20	10 12
Loveville	5 26	10 16
Marengo	5 30	10 22
Hostler	5 40	10 35
Penn's Furnace	5 50	10 44
Fairbrook	6 05	11 05
Scotia	6 25	11 30

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD—(Philadelphia and Erie Division.)—On and after Monday, May 11, 1884:

WESTWARD.		
ERIE MAIL leaves	Philadelphia	11 20 p m
" "	Harrisburg	3 20 a m
" "	Williamsport	7 00 a m
" "	Jersey Shore	7 57 a m
" "	Lock Haven	8 25 a m
" "	Renovo	9 30 a m
" arr at	Erie	6 00 p m
NIAGARA EXP. leaves	Philadelphia	7 40 a m
" "	Harrisburg	11 15 a m
" arr. at	Williamsport	2 55 p m
" "	Lock Haven	3 55 p m
" "	Renovo	5 05 p m
" "	Kane	9 05 p m
Passengers by this train arrive in Bellefonte at		8 05 p m
FAST LINE leaves	Philadelphia	11 10 a m
"	Harrisburg	3 25 p m
"	Williamsport	7 10 p m
" arr at	Lock Haven	8 05 p m
EASTWARD.		
Sea Shore EXPRESS leaves	L. Haven	7 00 a m
" "	Jer'sy're	7 20 p m
" "	W'msp't	8 10 a m
" arr. at	Harrisb'g	11 30 a m
" "	Phila'phia	3 15 p m
DAY EXP. leaves	Kane	6 00 a m
" "	Renovo	10 05 a m
" "	Lock Haven	11 15 a m
" "	Williamsport	12 35 p m
" arr at	Harrisburg	3 45 p m
" "	Philadelphia	7 25 p m
ERIE MAIL leaves	Erie	1 55 p m
" "	Renovo	10 40 p m
" "	Lock Haven	11 45 p m
" "	Williamsport	1 00 a m
" arr at	Harrisburg	4 20 a m
" "	Philadelphia	7 50 a m
WEST ACN leaves	Williamsport	6 35 p m
" arrives at	Harrisb'g	10 25 p m
" "	Philadelphia	8 05 a m

Erie Mail West, Niagara Express West, and Day Express East make close connection at Lock Haven with R. E. V. R. R. trains.

Erie Mail East and West connect at Erie with trains on L. S. & M. S. R.R.; at Corry with B. R. & W. R. R.; at Emporium with B., N. Y. & P. R.R., and at Driftwood with A. V. R.R.

ROBERT NEILSON, Gen'l Supt.

Groceries.

A. V. SMITH,

(Successor to Harry Teats & Co.)

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61 High Street,

OPPOSITE BUSH HOUSE

BELLEFONTE, PA.

16 13tf

ADDITIONAL LOCAL NEWS

—J. Cline Zimmerman, of Zion, was a welcome caller at the REPUBLICAN office Thursday morning.

—The new Lutheran church at Centre Hall will cost $7,445. Messrs. Grove and Wolf are the contractors.

—The Centre *Reporter* figures out that sixteen of the next twenty-four Grand Jurors will be opposed to a new court house.

—The *Centre Democrat* movied last week into the Harris building on High St. Its new quarters will be much superior to the former ones.

—Miss Bird Switzer, of Philipsburg, who visited Bellefonte on Thursday to attend the Garman-Lingle wedding, is now a guest of Miss Lulu Meek.

—There was a delightful candy party at Col. D. H. Hastings' residence on Wednesday evening. The company included fourteen ladies and two gentlemen. Refreshments, bountiful and elegant, were served and the occasion was the source of much pleasure to all.

—Gen. W. H. Blair met a Republican friend Friday noon and remarked that the present fine weather was due to the new administration. "Yes," replied his friend; "a kind Providence is too merciful to give us two such calamities as Cleveland and bad weather at the same time."

—The 9:45 train was an hour late Friday morning, the delay being caused by heavy travel on the main line. The people returning from the inauguration are so tired and heavy, not to say full, that it is a much more arduous undertaking to carry them home than it was to take them to Washington.

—Company B returned home this morning. We are glad to hear that every report accords them full credit for good deportment while doing duty as soldiers. They are gentlemen when at home and do not forget while abroad to behave in a manner that will reflect credit on the place from which they came.

—The New York *Sun* celebrated the inauguration on Thursday by issuing an immense double number. Its description of the inauguration was well written and entertaining. With the exception of its shameful and cowardly treatment of ex-President Hayes, the *Sun* is a splendid newspaper—about the best in the Democratic party.

—"Some One" in Philipsburg sent us an excellent letter from that place last week. It was very welcome, and we were sorry to be compelled to divide it into two parts, less than one-half of it appearing in the first paper. Please do not discontinue communications on that account, and hereafter we shall endeavor to publish it entire in one paper.

—The tenth annual meeting of the Women's Foreign Missionary Society of the Huntingdon Presbytery held its first session in the First Presbyterian church, Altoona, Wednesday evening. The auditorium was crowded to its fullest capacity, and great interest was manifested throughout the proceedings. The exercises were opened with an anthem by the male quartette.

—In view of the numerous applicants for the appointment of postmaster in our borough, we suggest that the applicants agree upon a day and call for a vote from the Democratic patrons of the office as to which applicant they prefer and would recommend. This plan is but fair and it would relieve the appointing power greatly. Applicants for the office, now stand up and say whether you are ready for such a test.

—The *Centre Democrat*, of Thursday morning, referring to the departure of Company B for Washington City, says: "Little did the boys think four years ago that they would march to the inauguration of Grover Cleveland or in fact any Democratic President. But such is the fate of greatness." Now, the word "greatness" evidently refers to the "boys." If so we judge by the tenor of the *Democrat's* comments that to march to the inauguration of any Democratic President is considered somewhat undignified,—strange admission for a Democratic paper.

—A man of 35, stoutly built and wearing a heavy black mustache, registered in the Eastern Hotel, Whitehall and South street, New York, at midnight on Monday as Sam Brewster, of Ogden, N. Y. He seemed to the clerk to be slightly under the influence of liquor. At 7 o'clock Tuesday morning gas was noticed escaping from his room, and he was found unconscious in bed, the burner letting out gas at full head. He was taken to Chambers Street Hospital, where he died Tuesday night. From papers found in his pockets it is believed that the man's real name was John Ackard, and that he was a resident of Houtzdale, Pa.—*L. H. Express.*

A Sensible Communication on the Court House Question.

HOUSERVILLE, Pa., March 3, '85.

MR. EDITOR:—I noticed in your issue of Feb. 26th ultimo, an article on the necessity, or supposed necessity, of building a new court house for our county, having for a heading "Burning of a Court House." An extract is taken from a New Athens paper, stating that a court house in Galveston, Texas, was burned, with many valuable records, and you give it, as a warning, to the citizens of Centre county, urging the propriety of having a new court house built, with fire proof vaults. "You say that the present building is a century old, and that the necessity of fire proof vaults, at the time of its building, was not so greatly needed as now; at any rate, it is not now a safe depository for valuable public records." In answer to the above, I will say that the court house now standing in Bellefonte, is not a *half* century old. I don't think it is yet quite a third of a century since it was built. It was built when the late James Burnside was Judge—I think somewhere along in the early fifties, say 1850 or 1852. As to the first or original court house, there is not a vestige of it remaining. I recollect very well about the appearance of the old building. The present portico was built to it during the latter part of the late Thomas Burnside's Judgship of this court. The old building was entirely torn down and taken away, excavating the hill, as it is now, for a foundation of the new building, leaving the portico standing, and building the new and present house to the portico. Thus you will perceive, that, the portico was built to the old house and some time afterwards, the old house was torn down, and a new house built to the portico. Neither the house nor the portico is in any sense old, nor are they in a dilapidated condition. The building is a good and substantial one, and withal respectable, large and sufficiently commodious for the necessary uses of a court room and its accessories. The vaults, underneath the court room, were built as fire proof, were intended to be fire proof and were considered to be fire proof, and I think would prove themselves such if put to the test; at least, I never heard of their insufficiency in that respect until quite recently. If there is any real doubt as to their safety, let that matter be fully inquired into by competent persons, and if upon a proper investigation the vaults are not considered fire proof or safe, then let them be made so. If that cannot be done or found practicable, then let fire proof vaults be built elsewhere. It is not necessary (I mean absolutely necessary,) that the records should be kept in the Court House building.

I do not think, and I am by *no means singular* in my opinion, that the building *now* of a new court house is at all or in any way called for, and for my part hereby enter my protest against it. Our taxes are heavy enough already without adding unnecessarily to them.

Let us as a county get out of debt, *at least* before we launch out into putting up magnificent county buildings.

A FARMER.

While we publish the above, we violate our rules in doing so. "Farmer" should have given us his true name, not for publication, but that we might know no deception was being practiced upon us. This court house question is a subject upon which all should be heard, and if "Farmer" is really a farmer we can see no good reason why he should be afraid to be known even to us. We accept and insert communications over an assumed signature, but the writer always should let us know even if we do not let the public know who our correspondent really is.

Pleasant Gap Notes.

EDITOR DAILY NEWS:—In spite of a severe snowstorm, the literary and musical entertainment given here on Tuesday evening, 24th ult., attracted a large audience, and realized about forty dollars.

The proceeds will be applied to the purchase of lumber for a house for Mr. Amos Gill, a poor, but worthy resident of this locality, whose dwelling was destroyed by fire a few weeks since.

The success of the entertainment is largely due to the steady, untiring efforts made in its behalf by Messrs. A. V. Miller and Matthew Riddle.

Mr. George Boal was kind enough to lend us a helping hand, and by his admirable recitation of several choice poems gave proof of that superior taste, culture and skill as an elocutionist for which he is so well and richly known.

Nothing further need be said of the music, than to simply state the fact that it was furnished by Professors Myers, Ritemyer and Swartz, the last mentioned ably assisted by his accomplished daughters.

Mrs. Milton Furey, in her personation of several humorous characters, and notably in the difficult role of "Aunt Martha," gave evidence of histrionic talent of a high order, and won the hearty commendation of all present.

The young ladies and gentlemen named below contributed also in no small degree, and in various ways, to the enjoyment of the occasion: Mrs. Jennie Harrison, Misses Carrie Taylor, Ettie Harrison, Hattie Griffith, Maud Shefler, and Minnie Eckenroth; Messrs. Milton Furey, John Harrison, George Hyle, John Furey, Charles Martz and Abner Noll.

The "protracted meeting" that has been in progress in the M. E. church of this place for nearly four weeks closed on last Wednesday evening.

This meeting has been carried on in the face of many and serious difficulties and hindrances, and the Christian zeal and fidelity manifested throughout its long course by the Rev. Mr. Graham, pastor, and his colaborers in the good work, cannot be too highly commended.

Taking the number of conversions brought about, as the measure of its success, the meeting has not been as fruitful of good results as could be desired.

This, however, may be the falsest estimate possible of the good accomplished by means of this effort to revive the cause of true religion in this community.

Who can foresee, who can foretell *what* the final outcome of the energies and activities put forth during this meeting will be? The good seed sown may yet yield a bounteous harvest.

In the selection of Mr. Charles L. Gates as solicitor and collector for the NEWS and the *Republican*, the publishers of these journals have evinced sound business discretion as well as a proper regard for the fitness of things.

In proof of this statement is the favorable impression made by the young gentleman upon your patrons and others hereabouts during his visit to this locality on Monday, 23d ult.

Genial, intelligent and energetic, "Web" is certainly the right man in the right place. Besides all this, you can readily find in an hour's travel—outside the limits of Pleasant Gap—homlier men than he.

The man who eats bad bread sins against his own soul—and body. Good bread can be made only from good flour. A prime article of flour can always be had in this village, at the mill of Gottlieb Haag.

Day after day, week in and week out, this mill is thronged with customers. The inference from this fact is easy and natural, to-wit: The courteous miller, Mr. E. McKinley, thoroughly understands his business.

R. W. A.

—Persons passing along Allegheny street on Thursday afternoon were attracted by the large and elegant photographs, each enclosed in a handsome frame, displayed in one of the show windows of the Bee Hive stores. There are three of them, one of Miss Fannie Goldsmith and one of each of her brothers, Messrs. Sol. and Aaron. As pictures they are perfect and represent those persons as fully as fine looking as they really are. It is seldom that good looking people look well in a picture (which is the reason we never have ours taken) but these are exceptions and are creditable specimens of the photographic art. They were executed at a Bellefonte gallery. They are to be sent to a relative of the Goldsmith family who resides in the far West.

—The first concert announced to take place in connection with the musical convention at Milesburg occurred in the M. E. church in that place on Thursday evening and was an admirable success in attendance and in point of artistic merit. The admission being only 5 cents, the church was crowded and the receipts were so large as to afford an agreeable surprise. The exercises consisted of music and recitations and were listened to attentively by the audience who evidently appreciated them at their full value. Considering that the junior portion of the class rendered the principal part of the exercises, too much praise cannot be accorded them for their splendid performance.

—A gentleman said to us Friday morning: "As I was walking up street this morning I saw at Lewis' grocery store five mackerel for five cents. I opened the door and asked the proprietor if he wouldn't take four cents for them—only the drop of a cent you know. He replied that he would consider the question and let me know. I await eagerly his decision The purchase is an important one."

—There was a freight wreck at an early hour Friday morning at Curtin station. Three cars of a train of thirty left the track. The wreck was soon got out of the way and the track cleared.

Merry Chimes from the Wedding Bells.

On Thursday evening at 6 o'clock the invited friends of Mr. Edwin F. Garman and Miss Emma Lingle gathered at the home of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. J. Lingle, on Spring St. to witness the marriage ceremony which united those two popular young people. Outside, the heavens smiled serenely, the air was soft and mild and all surroundings combined to put everybody in that ecstatic frame of mind suitable to such occasion. Within, the large, elegantly furnished parlor soft lights gleamed and glistened; elegant toilets added beauty to the picture; jewels flashed and flowers shed a delightful fragrance. Six ushers attended to the incoming guests and pleasurable anticipation radiated every countenance.

When the hour arrived the bridal party took their positions. The ushers entered in the following order: Wilbur Harris and Charles Richards, Joe Montgomery and E. M. Speer, Frank Lingle and Richard Garman. The bride and groom were smiling and happy. The bride was attired in soft white material which was exceedingly becoming and the groom wore the conventional full dress, which changes not from year to year because it cannot be improved. That ever elegant and courtly gentleman, Rev. John Hewitt, officiated.

The bride is a modest, quiet and accomplished young lady, very highly esteemed in the circles in which she mingles, and will make our friend Ed. a most excellent wife. The groom is the son of Mr. Daniel Garmon and is the business man and manager of that exceedingly prosperous mercantile firm, D. Garman & Son. He enjoys an extensive acquaintance and has legions of friends. Therefore, when the ceremony was over the congratulations extended from all present were very earnest and cordial, and right here the DAILY NEWS wishes to join with others in the good wishes of the season.

The ceremony was followed by a reception which was of the most pleasing description. The bride and groom were constantly surrounded by admiring friends. The occasion was rendered more interesting by the presence of Mr. and Mrs. W. Harlan, of Coatesville. They are also bride and groom and this visit is part of their wedding tour. Mr. H. is a son of Senator Harlan and Mrs. H. was a Miss Garman, who has visited in Bellefonte. Miss Kate Best, one of Lock Haven's lovely daughters, was also present and attracted much social attention. When the bride's bouquet was tossed among a group of young ladies with the understanding that the one who caught it would be the next to go the marriage altar, it happened that Miss Best caught the lovely flowers, and consequently her days of single blessedness will be brief.

The presents were exceedingly elegant. They included a solid silver set from the Crescent Skating Club, which was present at the wedding, and a costly imported clock of antique and novel design from six members of the club. A present certainly very acceptable was $100 in money from Mr. Garman, the groom's father. Conspicuous among the gifts was a rich display of silverware and numerous articles which were exquisitely hand painted. A rich white wrap embroidered in silk from a relative of the bride in New York is very beautiful. In brief, there was nothing but what is useful and beautiful, and the display has seldom been excelled in this place.

The wedded couple took the 8:45 train for New York City, Philadelphia and other cities.

—Reynolds & Co. are erecting a large superstructure on their flouring mill. The original building is very large and this addition will make it probably the largest flouring mill in the county. It will increase the building to five stories in height and afford space for a great additional amount of machinery and greatly augment the capacity. The firm seems to be preparing to supply enough flour to supply the entire State.

—Rev. Scott Wilson, Altoona's life insurance divine, has been spending a large part of the past two weeks in this place. So far as mere physical appearance is concerned, the reverend gentleman seems to be prospering. In addition to his other accomplishments, is excellent literary ability and the Altoona papers are frequently rendered much more attractive by contributions of his pen.

—The *Centre Democrat* says that the *Democrat Watchman* of our borough is a journal not fit to be introduced into decent families. This is strong and distinct, and we shall wait Brother Meek's apology for the publication of such a journal.

Resolution of Thanks.

The generous patronage accorded the Logan Hose Company in their commendable efforts at raising funds for the Electric Fire Alarm, has prompted the following resolution of thanks:

Resolved, That in the accomplishment of a purpose long since cherished by those devoted to the security of life and property in the Borough of Bellefonte from the disastrous consequences of fire, we of the Logan Hose Company take this means of evidencing our appreciation of the unselfish efforts of the "Crescent Skating Club" in the entertainment at the Rink on the 23d of Feb. last, and we cherish with gratitude there ewed manifestation of confidence and esteem on the part of the community at large, as evinced by their generous contribution to the purchase of an electric fire alarm for the borough.

FRANK WESCOTT,
EDWARD SHROM,
JAMES SEIBERT. } Com.

—"After a quarter of a century, a new set of horses will be fed at the public crib."—*Democrat.* When that announcement was given to the public Thursday morning a very important part of a "new set of horses" was already feeding. The *Democrat* is willing to concede another change "after a quarter of a century." Thank you, *Democrat*, but why not sooner?

—Mr and Mrs. Harlan departed Saturday morning for Coatesville after several days spent with their friends here.

Scrofula diseases manifest themselves in the spring. Hood's Sarsaparilla cleans the blood, and removes every taint of scrofula.

—Lend us a magnifying glass, please; we want to see the good time promised with the new administration.

"ROUGH ON COUGHS."
Ask for "Rough on Coughs," for Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Hoarseness. Troches 15c. Liquid 25c.

"ROUGH ON RATS."
Clears out rats, mice, roaches, flies, ants, bed bugs, skunks, chipmunks, gophers. 15c. Druggists.

HEART PAINS.
Palpitation, Dropsical Swellings, Dizziness, Indigestion, Headache cured by "Wells' Health Renewer."

"ROUGH ON CORNS."
Ask for Wells' "Rough on Corns." 15c. Quick, complete cure. Hard or soft corns, warts, bunions.

"ROUGH ON PAIN" POROUSED PLASTER.
Strengthening, improved, the best best for backache, pains in chest or side, rheumatism, neuralgia.

THIN PEOPLE.
"Wells' Health Renewer" restores health and vigor, cures Dyspepsia, Headache, Nervousness, Debility. $1.

WHOOPING COUGH,
and many Throat Affections of children promptly, pleasantly and safely relieved by "Rough on Coughs." Troches 15c. Balsam 25c.

MOTHERS.
If you are failing, broken, worn out and nervous, use "Wells' Health Renewer." $1. Druggists.

LIFE PRESERVER
If you are losing your grip on life, try "Wells' Health Renewer." Goes direct to weak spots.

"ROUGH ON TOOTHACHE."
Instant relief for Neuralgia, Toothache, Faceache. Ask for "Rough on Toothache." 15 and 25 cents.

PRETTY WOMEN.
Ladies who would retain freshness and vivacity, don't fail to try Wells' Health Renewer.

CATARRHAL THROAT AFFECTIONS,
Hacking, Irritating Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, cured by Rough on Coughs. Troches 15c. Liquid 25c.

"ROUGH ON ITCH."
Rough on Itch cures humors, eruptions, ringworm, tetter, salt rheum, frosted feet, chilblains.

THE HOPE OF THE NATION.
Children slow in development, puny, scrawny and delicate, use Wells' Health Renewer.

WIDE AWAKE
three or four hours every night coughing. Get immediate relief and sound rest by using Wells' Rough on Coughs. Troches 15c.; Balsam 25c.

"ROUGH ON PAIN" POROUSED PLASTER.
Strengthening, improved, the best for backache, pains in chest or side, rheumatism, neuralgia. 10 27 1y

Miscellaneous.

FAY'S MANILLA ROOFING
ESTABLISHED 1866.
Is Cheap, STRONG, WATER-PROOF, Easy to apply, Does not rust or rattle. Is also A SUBSTITUTE for PLASTER at Half the Cost. Outlasts the building. CARPETS and RUGS of same, double the wear of oil cloths. Catalogue and samples free. W. H. FAY & CO. CAMDEN, N. J.
17 8 4t

FITS A Leading London Physician Establishes an Office in New York. From Am. Journal Med. "Dr. Ab. Mercole, who makes a specialty of Epilepsy has without doubt treated and cured more cases than any other living physician. His success has simply been astonishing; we have heard of cases of over 10 years standing cured by him. He guarantees a cure. Large bottle and treatise sent free. Give P.O. and Express address to Dr. AB. MERCOLE, No. 96 John St., New York.
17 8 4t

CONSUMPTION. I have a positive remedy for the above disease; by its use thousands of cases of the worst kind and of long standing have been cured. Indeed, so strong is my faith in its efficacy, that I will send TWO BOTTLES FREE, together with a VALUABLE TREATISE on this disease to any sufferer. Give express and P. O. address. DR. T. A. SLOCUM, 181 Pearl St., New York.
17 8 4t

Sechler & Co.

New Goods!

SECHLER & CO.

Proprietors of the only complete grocery in Centre county, announce to the people of the county that they are now receiving Fresh New Goods for the

Winter Season

—OF—

1885.

Stock Complete! Nothing Wanting!

SPICES.—The best cook in the land cannot cook successfully without pure, fresh spices. These we have in every variety. Well-seasoned food adds to long life and happiness.

SUGARS AND SYRUPS.—In Sugars and Syrups we have all the best brands in the market. Much of the sugar now sold is adulterated, and in an article of this kind there is great waste. We buy from reliable dealers, and handle only the genuine goods.

TEAS AND COFFEES.—No breakfast can be thoroughly enjoyed without a good cup of coffee or tea. A drink of this kind is stimulating and goes right to the spot. Our Coffees and Teas are fresh and strictly pure. The fragrant odor which escapes from the steaming pot as it comes in from the kitchen will convince you of this. We sell more coffee than any other two houses in the county. Why? Because we sell the best and the people know it.

NUTS, CONFECTIONERY, ETC.—In Nuts and Confectionery we have everything that is nice, and just what will please the young folks, and old folks as well. Our candies are all pure and wholesome; We do not handle the highly-colored, poisonous mixtures that ruin and decay the teeth. We have new Florida oranges (this fall's crop), fine Figs and Prunes, and a choice line of Canned Fruits and Preserves. Bear this in mind when preparing to Celebrate the merry holidays.

We make special mention of the above lines of goods because they are all leading articles at this season of the year. In other lines our stock is equally fresh and complete.

We buy the Best Goods and sell at the Lowest Figures.

Call in and inspect our No. 1 goods. Then you will know where to purchase when your cupboard needs replenishing.

Sechler & Co.,

Bush House Block, Bellefonte, Pa
15-44-1

Bellefonte Republican.

EDWARD T. TUTEN, - - Editor

Terms, $2.00 per annum in Advance

Local Department.

—The Juror list will be selected in a few days.

—Nearly all the ex-Sheriffs are after the post office.

—Next Sunday will be Mid-Lent, or Refreshment Sunday.

—The moon shines brightly during the early morning hours.

—The telephone line from Beech Creek to Eagleville is finished.

—March winds and April showers, etc. The March winds were heard Monday night.

—Six new members united with the Curwensville Baptist church on Thursday last.

—Mr. Will Hoffer, of State College, started Tuesday for Kansas where he will reside with his brother.

—A Wisconsin hog ate two quarts of nitro-glycerine and will probably be sent to Prince Bismarck.

—Rev. Chas. T. Steck, the famous lecturer, delivered two admirable sermons to the Lutheran congregation of this place on Sunday.

—This sentence contains all the letters of the alphabet and is a favorite with writing teachers: "A quick brown fox jumps over the lazy dog."

—Mrs. Fred Slencker, the lady from whom a tumor was removed on Monday, is still reported doing as well as can be expected under the circumstances.

—Very urgent invitations to the Y. M. C. A. book reception on the 17th inst. have been generally circulated. Let everybody attend and bring the donation of a book.

—There is now a good supply of drinking water at the Rink, connection having been made with the water system. This is still another important convenience.

—The handsome sum of $120 was netted to the Lutheran congregation by the lecture by Rev. Chas. F. Steck on Friday evening. This is remarkably good for a lecture.

—Notwithstanding the effect the roller skate may have on mind and body, it certainly is a great boom to the writers of humorous verse who seem naturally to fall into rhyme whenever they refer to it.

—From what we have read in the newspapers about the event, we conclude that there is to be an eclipse of the sun next Monday, March 16, beginning at 11.38 a. m. and lasting until 2 o'clock p. m. Prepare smoked glass for that spectacle, and look at it for all it is worth.

—The Lock Haven *Express* appeared as a double number on Saturday and promises to repeat the experiment regularly hereafter until further notice. A Sunday paper is also promised. Come, Messrs. Kinsloe; show all the enterprise you can six days of the week, but please stop your labors on Sunday.

—Our morning exchange, the Altoona *Tribune*, speaks as follows of what it knows concerning the conduct of the Fifth Regt., N. G., during their inaugural excursion: "Indeed, with but few exceptions the soldiers of the Fifth acted in the best possible manner, and Colonel Hastings and the other officers of the regiment should feel proud of the troops."

—On the 26th of February, John Morgan, a man engaged in one of the mines of Snow Shoe, was instantly killed. His head was crushed between a car and a wooden prop at the side of the track. His age was 36 years. He leaves a wife to mourn his terrible and sudden death. On the same day a boy named Haye had his leg broken while employed in one of Berwind, White & Co's mines.

—Monday last brought Messrs. Miles Buck and Jacob Beck, good citizens of Centre Line, to town and they looked at the mysteries of the "art preservative" and the intricacies of the "switch board" in the Telephone Exchange. This latter caused Jacob to make use of his forcible exclamation: "By the laurel hill!" he said, "the longer one lives the more he learns. We'll soon know more than Solomon."

—Somebody in Altoona is giving lectures about a new process of canning fruit, and strawberries treated in this manner are said to be far superior to "any put up by manufacturers or privately." We don't believe it. The old processes are the best, and no method ever discovered or to be discovered can excel them. We know a lady who can put away strawberries for an indefinite period and when eaten they will be 100 per cent. better than when plucked from the parent stem; so never mind about the new process.

The Woman's Foreign Missionary Society.

The Women's Foreign Missionary Society of the Huntingdon Presbytery held three sessions in Altoona this week. Mrs. N. D. Orbison, of this place, is its president and Mrs. Margaret Wilson is secretary. There were several Bellefonte ladies present, and the meeting was a successful one. Mrs. Cornelius, of Altoona, welcomed the society and the president, Mrs. Orbison, responded in an address of great beauty, which, although too long to copy entire, we give the part which refers particularly to the history of the society and also contains references of local interest:

"This is the tenth year of our society and the question we ask ourselves to-day is this: What have we done for Jesus in these ten years? What work has been done for the glory of His name and to finish that which He came to do, and which He solemnly committed to His people to carry forward, seeking and saving the lost? Have we, receiving His command into honest and good hearts, brought forth fruit to His praise? As a missionary society, have we so labored that we might obtain?

"Ten years! What opportunities, what opening of doors for work, what encouragements to prayers. As to God's dealings with ourselves, what mercies and benefits, what unspeakable kindnesses and forbearance and love; what more could He have done for us than he has done? I am sure I speak for every one here when I say that the Lord has been good to us; wonderful have been His tender mercies. But on our part what halfheartedness, what unbelief! How little have we done to prove our gratitude for all His love to us and to those whom we love. For every dollar we have given, we might have given ten; for every languid, inert prayer, we might have labored in prayers, the effectual, fervent prayer that availeth. For every laborer gone forth seventy might well have gone in these ten years, and yet room for more laborers. Yes, my sisters, we may well mourn our lukewarmness, our undue care for the things that concern our eating and drinking and apparel, and our want of earnest care for the souls that will never die.

"But it is not the Lord's will that we be faint and discouraged. He says to us, Lift up the hands that hang down and the feeble knees, and make straight paths for your feet. Ye are my friends. I call you not servants, but friends. And to-day is a day of rejoicing and thanksgiving. Ten years of work for Jesus; what are we that we should be so favored. Matthew Henry says: "If you have been permitted to do anything for the Lord, take the comfort of it and give Him the glory." During these ten years, at least five worthy faithful workers, who have for a longer or shorter time been with us, have gone to heathen lands, and are there now, bearing the burdens and heat of the day, spending their last years in this glorious cause. Mrs. Goheen, Mrs. Henry and Mrs. Pendleton we have been privileged to count at different times as members of our Bellefonte auxiliary. Mrs. Odgen, also Miss Williamson, so useful in Woodstock, though not recently a member of our presbytery, is a daughter of the presbytery. So for this most excellent blessing, we give thanks and are encouraged to hope that in answer to our prayers, the number may be greatly multiplied.

"We have also given our money in these ten years. The good that has been done with this consecrated money, who can estimate? Millions of leaves of reading printed and distributed; teachers and preachers supported; blessed influences started that shall never cease to work, no, never. Our Lord and His disciples, when teaching and preaching, were ministered unto by women, who came down with them from Galilee to Jerusalem, the mother of Zebedee's sons, the mother of James and others, whose sons had followed the Lord. We, too, have been ministering to the temporal wants of God's workers; while they have been laboring we have been supporting them. Let us do this more liberally, so that there may be no lack of anything. More than all, we have prayed. Week after week, the coming Sabbath hour has witnessed a cloud of incense going up from our closets, prayers of Christian women for a blessing on missions. Month after month we have met together and implored blessings. Let us not be weary but continue to pray, and to look for a sure answer."

At the evening session of the society the former officers were elected for the ensuing year.

—Mr. Aaron Williams and bride returned on Saturday from their very extended and prolonged wedding tour, lasting throughout about all the past winter, until we had almost concluded that they intended to remain away permanently.

Cause and Cure.

We have been interested in conversation with Rev. Mr. Crittenden, concerning his restoration to health and have requested him to furnish us with some account of his case. The facts he gives will doubtless interest his many friends among our readers:

MARCH 10th, 1885.

MR. EDITOR—*Dear Sir:* With many other friends on every hand, you ask me concerning my recovery to health, "How you account for it? What means did you employ? What was the remedy?" I reply so far as it is possible for me to give an adequate answer to these questions.

First—The Cause. For years I was imprudent by constant physical and mental labor, observing no seventh day of rest nor taking any week-day for recreation. This departure carried me still farther astray, to the injury of my health, by irregular meals and the original sin of wrong eating. At length I found that "the way of the transgressor is hard."

In that "way" about a year ago, I was overtaken by two relentless enemies, dyspepsia and insomnia. Nervously prostrate, I succumbed to them, body, mind and heart. They had me so completely under their control that I could not eat anything with impunity neither could I get any sleep without resorting to some means for securing even a little.

Excessive grief under a sore family bereavement and too much anxiety for the motherless children intensified my misery. None of my friends fully understood my condition except perhaps our family physician. Within the past four weeks, I have realized a change to my "joy unspeakable" and, I may add, "full of glory," not in self, but "in the Lord." Now I can eat anything I desire, sleep like a child and "bless the Lord at all times." My work I can do easier and with more pleasure than ever.

Second—The Cure. I cannot attribute it to any one remedy. The long months of partial imperative rest, regular meals and a low diet doubtless produced some beneficial effect. I was greatly benefited by open air exercise, done only by force of will. I tried a variety of medicines, but cannot refer my restoration to any one of them. *The infinite mercy of the Great Physician together with the manifest sympathy of friends* have done more for me than all else during this long year of clouded trial in which I have seen scarcely a solitary ray of light. Most and best of all, "the Lord hath led me about; He has instructed me; He has kept me as the apple of his eye." "O give thanks unto the Lord, for He is good, for His mercy endureth forever."

Very cordially yours,
R. CRITTENDEN.

BELLEFONTE, PA.

The Grand Concert.

As is usual with everything in the musical line which Mr. L. T. Eddy attempts, the musical convention in Milesburg ended on Friday evening in a remarkably successful manner, the exercises being of the most enjoyable character and the attendance being so large as to completely fill the audience room. The choruses which were rendered by the class were excellent and reflected creditably the skillful and careful training which the members received at the hands of the conductor. The special features of the concert gave great satisfaction. Miss Waddle, Lock Haven's well known elocutionist, recited "The Curfew will not Ring To-night" with admirable effect and was twice recalled, each selection being equally good. The Misses Hibler fulfilled the expectations of all present. Miss Mary Hibler rendered a difficult violin solo accompanied by Miss Teresa Hibler. The skillful manner of performing this solo showed the ladies to be true artists. The Lamar (Clinton Co.) quartette rendered a choice and elegant selection entitled "The Musical Museum," which charmed all who heard it. Another selection was "Speak a Word for Father." Mr. Byron Vandersloot, who is the bass of this quartette, fulfilled the expectations of the audience. He possesses a remarkably fine voice. The part taken by this quartette contributed greatly to the interest of the concert. Mr. Zimmerman, whose skill is well known, presided at the organ during the evening. Nor must we omit to mention that recitations were rendered by Miss Martin and Miss Loveland, which showed that each lady possesses true talent. Three little girls—Emma Jones, Lida Gregg and Meda Boggs—delivered declamations in very pleasing style. Mr. W. H. Musser rendered a vocal solo, which he said was a song that he learned while in the army. The audience quickly imbibed the spirit of the song and was greatly pleased. That excellent organization, "The Citizens' Cornet Band," was present, rendering several fine selections in their usual happy style. The net proceeds were about $50. All parties are greatly elated at the result, and Mr. Eddy can look back at this effort as one of his very best successes.

The Changing Seasons.

The year has advanced that far as to bring with it unmistakable evidences that a change from cold to warm weather is about to take place. Undoubtedly, the back of Winter has been broken, and although the old fellow is not dead and may flounder around in expiring agony for a while his end is near.

The season seems to us to be about an average one in the time of its changes. Indeed, we have known seasons to be much earlier and remember when the latter part of February was sufficiently warm and the ground was sufficiently soft and free from snow as to permit the initiatory work of gardening. Then, again, snow and ice have been known to linger until May.

Among all with whom we have talked the feeling at the prospect of warm weather is one of pleasure. The most ardent admirers of winter and its sports say they have had enough of it this year.

—General J. S. Brisbin, U. S. A., who is known by nearly all our citizens, writes an interesting sporting article to the *Chicago Horseman* in which he reviews the trotting performances of American horses during the past forty years. The paper gives interesting reminiscences of Lady Suffolk, Flora Temple, Dexter, Goldsmith Maid, Rarus, St. Julien, Maud S., and Jay-Eye See, and criticizes their records. Gen. Brisbin thinks neither Maud S. nor Jay-Eye-See will reduce their records this year, but believes new horses will appear on the turf and that the record will be reduced three or four seconds—possibly from 2:09¾ to 2:06. The General thinks the increased speed of American trotting horses is due mainly to better breeding, better training, better driving, improvements in bits, and improved tracks and sulkies. He says our trotters will ultimately attain a speed of a mile in two minutes, and that we will probably reach it within the next ten years.

—Even a paper so carefully edited as the *Presbyterian*, the principal publication of the Presbyterian church in this country, is guilty of making some very great blunders. For instance, let us quote one from the latest issue, which, if the figures were correct, would be a subject of congratulation to Baptist brethren: "Of the Protestant denominations in Pittsburg, Pa., the Evangelical Lutheran takes the lead in the number of communicants, 11,350 as estimated. The Presbyterian church follows with 7,255 and the Methodist Episcopal church reports 6,711. Fourth in the list is the United Presbyterian church with its 5,588 communicants. The Baptists number 2,605,000, the Episcopalians 5,525."

Farmers' Institute.

The following is the programme for the Farmers' Institute to be held in Centre Hall, Friday and Saturday, March 13 and 14, to which all agriculturists are invited:

Friday, March 13, 2:30 p. m., Prof. Jordon: The purchase and use of fertilizers 7 p. m., Prof. Jordon: The development of the dairy interests of Centre county.

Saturday, March 14, 9 a. m., Prof. Jordon: The principles of cattle feeding. 10:30 a. m., Prof. Buckhout. Subject to be announced hereafter.

Opportunity will be given for questions and discussion after each lecture in which all are cordially invited to take part.

To the Court of St. James.

Ex-Gov. Curtin, our representative in Washington, it appears, is to be offered the appointment of Minister to the Court of St. James. The President recognized the eminent fitness of such an appointment when he first had the pleasure of meeting Mr. Curtin and since that time the Governor has been looked for the first courtesies to be extended to Pennsylvanians. This is the first and best of all the foreign missions and has received additional importance since being filled so well by the distinguished incumbent, J. Russell Lowell. No better appointment could be made than our honored townsman and we suppose he will accept.

—The Supreme Court of the State of Ohio has just decided that a telephone company can remove an instrument from the premises of any man who swears through it. The case in point was one in which the lessee of an instrument having made use of bad language in his telephonic talk with a neighbor, the company removed it. The lessee brought suit to have it reinstated, was defeated in the lower Court, and appealed to the Supreme Court, which affirmed the decision.

A Sunday Evening Sermon.

On Sunday evening the Lutheran church was crowded to its full seating capacity to hear a sermon by the orator and lecturer, Rev. Charles T. Steck. All who listened to the words of eloquence that fell from his lips were much pleased. It was one of the ablest and most scholarly sermons ever delivered in the church. It was based on the memorable words of Paul in I Cor. 16:13: "Quit you like men."

Apropos of the Reverend gentleman's theme, we understand that there is a possibility, if not a probability, that his permanent services may be secured as pastor of the church here. The reverend gentleman is without a flock and the "flock" in Bellefonte is without a ministerial head, and Rev. Steck is inclined to locate. He is pleased with the town and the people are pleased with him, so why not make a match? Seriously, we hope the reverend gentleman will locate here.

—The Pennsylvania soldiers have all reached their homes. Lieut Potter brought up the rear of Company B on Saturday. The experience of the National Guard in the city of magnificent distances was not so entirely delightful as to make military life to them a source of diversion and enjoyment. Oh, the weary waits, laden with heavy accoutrements, carrying the burdensome gun; and then the forced and never ending march! It was just as exhausting as real military experience in time of war, and some of them will not look forward to future inauguration displays with much pleasure. But perhaps this sort of experience is just the kind that is needed to fit them for active service should the country at any time require it.

Death of Jacob Keller.

On Thursday of last week, Mr. Jacob Keller, fireman at Morris' lime kiln, died at his home near the toll house between Bellefonte and Milesburg. We are informed that his disease was brain fever, which attacked him on the Friday evening previous. He was about 40 years of age, an industrious man and a good workman. He leaves a wife and several children. Death was not a stranger in this family circle as two of the children died a year ago within a short period of each other. Now that the head of the household is gone the surviving members of it are desolate and bereaved indeed. They have our earnest sympathy. The funeral occurred on Saturday.

—Telegraph reports from Washington complain that there are not enough Democrats in this State to receive all the appointments that the new administration is willing to make. If this is really so, we are authorized to announce that Mr. E. M. Speer, telegraph operator, will receive any $5 000 appointment that comes this way. He expects to journey to Lock Haven soon and is willing, if he receives a telegram to that effect, to continue his trip to Washington and consult with the "powers that be" on the subject.

Evangelical Conference.

The Central Pennsylvania Conference of the Evangelical Association met in annual session at York, Pa., last Wednesday. Bishop R. Dubbs, D. D., of Cleveland, presided. After transacting the usual business in a satisfactory manner, holding several days' sessions, Conference adjourned to meet next time in Millheim, this county.

—"Why do you set such a tough chicken before me?" indignantly exclaimed a fair damsel in a restaurant the other day. "Age before beauty always, you know, ma'am," replied the polite attendant, who well knew how to serve his employer and a tough chicken at the same time.

—Brakeman William McDowell fell under the cars in Altoona Sunday morning and had both legs cut off, from the effects of which he soon expired. The fall was caused by a sudden faintness occasioned by the sight of blood flowing from another man's arm.

Three Foxes Killed.

Rev. J. P. Hughes, Isaac Haupt and Craig Kenney went to Muncy mountain for foxes on Saturday and were successful in killing three, one for each Nimrod. They were well satisfied with the day's sport.

—Mr. H. E. Duck, a resident of Millheim, was the victim of a runaway accident while sleighing recently. Or, rather, the sleigh was the principal victim, because it was completely wrecked while Mr. Duck escaped unhurt.

—J. Brachbill's Sons have put up a large and handsome new sign. With it swinging to the breeze no one who passes along Spring St. can fail to know just were that grand display of furniture can be seen.

Personal Pencilings.

Gov. Curtin called on President Cleveland on Friday.

Mrs. Hunt, of Boston, is to lecture on temperance in Altoona to night.

Mrs. A. H. Mann, of Lock Haven, is visiting friends in this place.

Gen. J. A. Beaver was a passenger on the east bound 9:45 a. m. train on Monday.

Dr. Walls, one of Lock Haven's representative citizens is a guest at the Brockerhoff House.

Mr. John Brown, of this place, is the guest of his sister, Mrs. J. A. Fiedler, of Williamsport.

Rev. W. Scott Wilson went to Tyrone on Saturday afternoon and preached for the Methodists of that place on Sunday.

Our ever popular friend, Mr. Alva Grow, of Philadelphia, was in town Friday. He enjoys good health and is prosperous. What more can a man want?

Rev. Chas. F. Steck departed yesterday morning for his home in Indiana county. He considers quite favorably the proposition to locate permanently in Bellefonte.

Mr. and Mrs. Will Laurie, of Philipsburg, departed from that place on Tuesday, the 4th. Mr. L. will go to Aikens, S. C., in pursuit of renewed health and Mrs. L. will visit friends in Camden, N. J.

J. H. Reifsnyder, Esq., of Millheim, is journeying in the South. He visited the inauguration and is now in New Orleans. Before returning home he will spend some time inspecting timber lands in Van Buren county, Tenn.

Mrs. Mitchell and the Misses Lide and Mary Thomas have been heard from in New Orleans, which they reached in safety after a pleasant journey. The duration of their stay in that city is uncertain and will probably be prolonged into several weeks.

Rev. Scott Wilson, of Altoona, is indulging in a literary tilt in the Altoona *Times* with several members of the Liberal League of that city and lets fly a few sentences about once a week which lay out effectually several columns of stuff which the aforesaid members aim at him.

Mr. and Mrs. James Murphy, of Renovo, have returned to that place after a month's absence, during which they visited New Orleans, Galveston, Louisville and other places and traveled through quite a large part of this country. Mr. Murphy is one of the proprietors of Valentines Store Co., Limited, and is a gentleman of excellent business qualifications.

A Surgical Operation.

On Monday Dr. B. F. Baer, of Philadelphia, Dr. Walls, of Lock Haven, Dr. Dale, of Lemont, and six Bellefonte physicians were at the home of Mr. Fred Slencker, of East High St., to perform a delicate surgical operation, the removal of a tumor which had grown on the stomach of Mrs. Slencker and attained great proportions, threatening her life. Dr. Baer, who is from the Medical University of Philadelphia, performed the operation. He says it was one of the worst cases of the kind which he ever saw, and the tumor had become so far advanced as to render the chances much against a successful operation. The lady was very low after the operation and the Doctor feared that she would expire. At 9 o'clock, however, her symptoms were more favorable and we understand Dr. Baer departed on the 8:45 p. m. train.

—It affords us much regret to record an accident which occurred last week to our respected friend, Mr. W. H. Wike, of Stormstown. He is the "boss" machinist at the Juniata Mines, and while engaged at his usual duties was so unfortunate as to have one of his legs caught in a cog wheel. He was quite severely injured, but we hope to hear of his speedy recovery, as he is a naturally active and energetic man and don't like to be disabled even for a short time.

—Mr. Will Harlan, son of Senator Harlan, of Coatesville, is visiting in Bellefonte in company with Mr. Dick Garman.

—We understand that the first day of May will witness another wedding, to be celebrated in the Episcopal church.

MARRIED.

MASON—GLOSSNER.—On March 5, 1885, at the residence of the bride's mother, Mrs. Maria Glossner, at Howard, Centre county, Pa., by Elder M. S. Blair, Mr. Wm. C. Mason, of Houtsdale, and Miss Maggie E. Glossner of Howard.

ORNDORF—STOVER.—On the 1st of February, at Aaronsburg, by Rev. Z. A. Yearick, Mr. Isaac M. Orndorf and Miss Ida M. Stover, both of Haines township.

DIED.

EMERICK.—On the 26th of February, Elizabeth Emerick, of Potter township, aged 74 years, 2 months and 12 days.

FYE.—On the 31st of February, near Tusseyville, after a lingering illness, John Fye aged 69 years, 7 months and 20 days.